State Library

The Democratic Pioneer.

R. QUILLIN, PUBLISHER.] TRUTH, JUSTICE AND THE CONSTITUTION. [J. B. GODWIN, EDITOR.

VOL. 7. ELIZABETH CITY, N. C., TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 24, 1857. NO. 34.

OCRATIC PIONEER.

—:o:—

DWIN & QUILLIN,

PROPRIETORS.

LISHED EVERY TUESDAY MORNING:

TERMS.

gle copy, one year, - - - - - $2 50
copies, one year, - - - - - 11 00
copies, one year, - - - - - 20 00

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

square of 16 lines or less, first insertion
ry subsequent one, 25 cents. Annual
ments made on favorable terms.
Office corner of Main and Road Street

POETRY.

...n Porter's Spirit of the Times.

THE OLD DRAY-HORSE.

BY GEO. W. CHAPMAN.

he dusty road,
the granite pave,
old horse is dragging his load,
tient and humble slave.
er and pain he tramps
dawn till close of day,
l by the light of the dim street-lamps
rags his rumbling dray.

t is dreary and cold,
mbs are spavined and sore—
ers are wrung, and with stripes un-
old
ck is calloused o'er.
he onward crawls,
eek and tired old gray,
oachfully turns his sightless balls
pstrophize the dray.

eary, lingering mate!
linging, tiresome dray!
m ordained by relentless fate
te my strength away?—
ll, and breeching, and pad,
trap, and buckle, and chain,
on my steps with a weight like
al.
e to escape in vain?

any weary years
e pressed upon my back,
sight has melted away in tears,
ains my members rack.
of kindness I know
the pitiless brute I serve;
st caress, a truculent blow,
wed with a villain's nerve.

close embrace,
ed and walked away,
ways double your rumbling pace:
fear to lose your prey?
tion's chain and hall.
me with your creaking wheels,
dge me the time in my cheerless
ell
ing my scanty meals.

ines in dreams away,
less I drag my load,
efesome foal at play
green and velvet sward.
s shining warm,
streamlet gurgles there,
olt is prancing around its dam,
ng the herbage near.

to taste the stream,
e on the lovely place,
ful awakening ends the dream—
low to mend my pace!
that gay young form
sported beside its dam,
s, from labor, from famine and
m,
the wreck I am?

hall be free again,
dge goes with my breath;
strap, and pad, and buckle, and
in,
ent by merciful death!
the dusty road,
the granite pave,
old horse that goes dragging his
d,
ity will sometimes crave."

ERICAN EXPEDITION TO SEBASTO-

expedition from the United
bout to undertake what the allied
ld not effect. It is making pre-
to enter the harbor of Sebastopol
troyer, but to save national pro-
n destruction. The Russians,
famous assault upon that city,
e harbor 106 vessels, including
of battle ships, 7 frigates, 15
and 10 brigs of war. The ma-
f the steamers of war, before be-
was carefully covered with a
n of tallow to prevent injury from
—They were scuttled by boring
auger holes near the water line.
n E. Gowen, of Boston, at the
n of a number of gentlemen of
ia went to Sebastopol, examined
, made his plans, and against 30
s from France and England, ob-
m the Emperor of Russia the
o raise these ships, which are
the Government at $65,000,000.
dition will consist of two vessels,
hich leaves Philadelphia on or
st of April, and the second soon
e number of persons, engaged
ny it from this country is about
the hydraulic machinery is of
colossal description. The con-
take 18 months to perform, the
vernment furnishing 4000 men
the work. At Kertch there
me five or six Russian vessels
ch are included in the contract,
harbor of Sebastopol, there are
,000 worth of chains and an-
the French and English threw
rom inability to carry them off.
act is the greatest one ever
, and an application is now be-
ennsylvania Legislature to in-
e company, for the purpose of
the work successfully.

POLITICAL.

THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY—ITS POSITION AND POLICY.

Never, since the days of Jefferson, has the Democratic party held higher ground on all questions pertaining either to the domestic or foreign policy of the nation than at present; and never have its elements been more united, or its organization and influence more effective. Crises have arisen—and perhaps they may arise again—when the coincidences of chance have served, temporarily, to check the progress and chill the enthusiasm, but never to darken the prospect, or impair the purity and power of the principles of Democracy. There have been periods in the political history of this country, when the Government seemed almost to totter with the portentous throes of revolution and ruin, when sceptics and cynics might have distrusted the foresight and sagacity of the founders of the republic. But those times have gone, and the troubles that made them memorable have been buried, it is to be hoped, in oblition; or, at least, are to be recollected only as sad souvenirs of the past, and warnings and safe-guards for the future. The American people have attained a pinnacle of prosperity and power, that towers high above every other nation of the earth, and still points on to a prouder and nobler destiny, not only for our own country, but for the savage as well as civilized world. Our internecine feuds and factions have been quieted and quelled, discord and dissension no longer threaten a speedy disruption of the Union, fanaticism has been beaten back, the embattled hosts of abolitionism have been routed, the black banner of the assailants of Southern rights is trailing in the dust, a tattered trophy attached to the triumphal car of Buchanan and Breckinridge, the FLAG of DEMOCRACY is flying from the mast-head, and there is every indication that we have weathered a worse storm than we shall ever encounter again. But, notwithstanding the fact that the enemy's centre has been broken, and the dangers dissipated, there still remains much to be done by the Democratic party, in order that it may *eradicate* the ills, the immediate effects of which it has so effectually averted. Because Buchanan and Breckinridge have been triumphantly elected over an opposition embracing every faction and fragment that could possibly be combined in antagonism to the Democracy, it is not to be supposed that the administration can accomplish all that is promised and expected, unless aided by the undivided efforts and encouragement of the party as an entirety—the incalculable influence arising from the moral power of outside sympathy in every section and in every wing and detachment of the Democracy.—It is the essence of the prosperity of a republican people, that the party in power when chosen upon principles embodying the genuine genius of the government, must be unembarrassed in its action by conflicting counsels and captious exceptions, so long as it adheres to the policy prescribed by its cardinal creed. It is true there may be and must be differences of opinion among members of the same party, touching mere matters of expediency or opportunity, and sometimes even with reference to the moderation or excess of certain measures arising from a correlative relation with principles. In such instances it is due to the party in power that those differences of opinion should be frankly and fearlessly expressed, that the administration may thus be enabled to act advisedly and in consonance with the wishes of the country, in matters on which no occasion had hitherto been afforded for the popular verdict to be pronounced. But when an administration is inaugurated upon principles proclaimed by the party that carries it into power, there should be a truce to everything and anything on the part of the party towards itself, that can contribute in the least towards confusion in council or embarrassment in action. Extreme opinions may be entertained without danger or detriment to the interests of the nation, but it is one thing to think as an individual, and another to administer the affairs of a government by virtue of authority directly derived from millions of freemen.

The President of the United States is the delegated guardian of the interests and honor of the American people, irrespective of party or of section. The Constitution is his chart, pointing out his pathway, and the principles of his party, as proclaimed in his election, are the indices to be observed in his interpretations.

These are the duties of the administration on the one hand, while it is incumbent on the part of the people on the other, to frown down discord and sustain the administration with energy and zeal, so long as there is no deviation from the rectilineal course of the Constitution. Nationality, not severalty, is one of the secrets of success with every party proposing to dispense the affairs of a republican people; and it is this peculiar characteristic that has ever distinguished the Democratic party of this country, which is altogether attributable to the philosophical fact, that its principles are counterparts to the Constitution, embracing the interests of every section, doing justice to all without infringing upon any, and covering the whole country with a canopy, under which each separate State stands out in bold relief, but with relative rights to and from the common whole.

The inauguration of Mr. Buchanan will open a new era of hope and promise to every patriot in the nation. The principles upon which he is about to be elevated to the most honored and responsible position within the gift of man, were warmly canvassed and thoroughly understood—And being approved by the people, he has only to enforce them, to perpetuate the Union or to have the immortal honor of maintaining the integrity of the Democratic party, even unto the hour of the crash of the Constitution and the country.

That he will do his duty, we have every guaranty that mortal man can give, and that his party will support him in unbroken column, we have ample assurance in the fact that the Democracy never falter in their faith.—*Richmond Enquirer.*

MISCELLANEOUS.

POOR MRS. PEARSON.—A DOMESTIC SKETCH.

BY INVISIBLE GREEN, ESQ.

'Pray, do not scold so, Mary,' said Mr. Pearson to his wife, one evening as they were about setting down to tea.

'Scold!' was her reply, as she pitched over a chair. 'This is scolding? A body can't speak a word now-a-days but you complain of scolding. I wish to the Lord you was the man you used to be, then a body might have a little comfort. When we were first married, you was glad to stay at home of evenings, and if a body wanted to go ont they had company. Now you are forever racing, and—'

'But, my dear,' interrupted Mr. Pearson, 'you know my business has increased largely every year, and it taxes my attention—'

'Taxes indeed! You are always crying about your business. That is eternally dinning in my ear. I wish you had no business.'

'You forgot, my dear, the improvement in our condition. We commenced life together very poor, but by hard and incessant labor, I have placed myself far above dependency.'

'The old song,' shappishly said the wife, as she flung herself into a chair at the table. 'I don't see that *my* condition has improved much. Suppose I was to go gadding about as you do, how would you like it? But no, while you are here and there, enjoying the world, I must be caged like a wild beast, my husband acting as keeper.'

'Why, my dear, how you—'

'Don't dear me! I'm your dear no longer. Hav'nt I eyes and ears? I'm just beginning to find you out. At home you are forever growling, but away from here you are all bows and smiles. You hardly know your own family now-a-days.'

'Ma, please butter me a piece of bread,' asked one of the children, who had in vain attempted to help himself.

'I wanted to go to the theatre to-night,' continued Mrs. Pearson, without noticing the child, 'and you knew it, but now I must be disappointed by your *business*.—Business! business! business! I wish to the Lord your business was in Halifax.'

'Ma, give me a piece of bread and butter,' again whimpered the impatient child.

'Shut your mouth, you brat,' screamed the ill-tempered mother. 'Don't you see, I'm busy? You are just like your father—you have got no manners. I can never (to her husband) go to concerts any more, but must be continually stuck at home. If I had married a nigger I could not have been treated worse.'

'Why, Mary, how you talk,' exclaimed Mr. Pearson; 'you know I never think of attending a place of amusement unless in your company. Its little pleasure,' he continued, with a sigh, 'I see at home or abroad.'

'Ma! ma! aint you going to give me some bread and butter?' again asked the child.

'Jake, I tell you to shut your dirty little mouth. You are setting your back for a good lashing, I see that plainly.'

'I want something to eat, I do,' rejoined Jake.

'Well, I guess you can wait for it, Mr. Impudence. You are getting worse and worse and more saucy every day, and I'll have to take the hide off you yet!'

'Let me wait on the child,' said the father.

'No, you needn't trouble yourself, Mr. Pearson,' responded his wife. 'If he was some other woman's child, it might do, but—'

'Don't be so foolish, my dear. Give me your plate, my son.'

The child obeyed the request quickly, when Mrs. Pearson snatched the plate from his hand, and dashed it to the floor.

'Teach the children rebellion, eh!' she exclaimed, in the height of her passion. 'I'll let you know he's to mind *me*. Jake, you little devil, keep your fingers out of those sausages.'

'I won't,' shouted Jake, as he triumphantly hauled a sausage from the plate, dripping the gravy from the dish to his mouth. His mother instantly gave him a smack in the face, which sent him yelping from the table.

'This is the way I'm continually tormented. A negligent husband and saucy children. It's wearing my life out, and—'

Mr. Pearson could stand the domestic turmoil no longer. He rose from the table, seized his hat and left the house as soon as possible. His wife demanded his return, but failing in that, took out her spite in spanking the children all round.

Mr. Pearson was a man of quiet, peaceable disposition. As he had said to his wife, he commenced married life a poor man, wretched poor, indeed; he had succeeded in making himself the proprietor of quite an establishment. He was somewhat involved, and was applying himself, night and day, to overcome the embarrassment. The scene we have depicted was a common one at his table. His wife was a scold, and was never satisfied with her condition. This fact gave him constant pain, not only from the personal annoyances he experienced thereby, but from the disastrous influence upon his children, to whom he was fondly attached. As may be presumed, home became less and less attractive to him, and he was at last forced to seek a substitute for those domestic pleasures, of which fate had robbed him, by marrying him to a scold.

Years rolled on, and Mr. Pearson was a drunkard! Unable to conquer the infernal temper of his wife, he was constrained to seek enjoyment out of her presence. The saloon and the wine cup charmed him, and the quiet Mr. Pearson was not long becoming a sot. His hard earnings and his precious savings sped swiftly away, and his home became the abode of wretchedness. This change in his habits was unaccountable, even to his most intimate friends, and when at last he terminated his mortal existence, during a delirium, the neighbors with one accord said—

'Poor Mrs. Pearson—what a blessing it is she is at last relieved of her beast of a husband.'

Such are the sympathies of the world. He who can secrete his vices, stand honored among men, and those who become the victims of others, are laughed at for their folly, or shunned for their misfortunes. Mr. Pearson marrred a woman who ruined him, and the world gloated over his wretchedness, and sympathized with his cruel persecutor!

A SLIGHT MISTAKE.

Jim Ward is a conductor on the eastern division of the New York Central Railroad, running daily between Utica and Albany. Ward has been in the employ of the Central Railroad for a long period of years, and is one of the oldest conductors in the country. Invariably accommodating and polite, he is particularly attentive to the ladies, and always manages to make himself a favorite with those of the fair sex who accompany the trains under his direction.

A short time since, when a train under his direction was on its way east from Utica, one of these interesting incidents occurred on board the train which adds to the visible number of passengers, but scarcely ever increases the profits of the trip. Ward, as soon as he discovered the condition of the lady, bustled about, and with the train running forty miles an hour, fixed up a portion of the express car, and had her conveyed thereto. A physician by the name of Beecher was on the train. His services was immediately put in requisition and in a short time Ward had the pleasure of announcing to his anxious passengers, that mother and babe were 'doing as well as could be expected under the circumstances.'

The mother was a poor woman, and as soon as it became known, Ward went round with his hat and in a short time a handsome purse was collected, and Jim with his countenance absolutely filtering off happiness, took it into the mother. After he re-appeared, the passengers proposed the child should be named. No sooner said than done. Jim went in and got the baby, with the consent of its delighted mother brought it out, when it was proposed that it should be named 'James Ward,' after Jim, and Beecher after the physician who had professionally attended the mother. It was adopted by acclamation, and amid a general shout and approbation, the babe was named 'James Ward Beecher ——.' Jim with a smile of ill-concealed delight, was lugging off his little namesake, when some of the ladies requested to see the 'little baby.' It was passed from hand to hand among the ladies, all admiring the little bundle, but at the same time a general disposition to smile and stuff handkerchiefs in their mouths, became manifest among the women. Jim wondered but wondered in vain, what this subdued laughter meant, until the babe was handed to an old lady. She had not had it more than a minute, when she exclaimed:

'Law, Suz!'

'Well, what's the matter?' said Jim, fearfully.

'Why, it's a gal!' said the old woman, handing the babe to Jim.

Then rose a yell of laughter; the men broke out first, then the women, then they broke out together until one universal scream filled the car. Several gentlemen threw their hats and mufflers out of the windows, while others endeavored unsuccessfully, to 'saw their legs off.' The women blushed and screamed; the men shouted and held their sides. In the midst of this fun and laughter, Jim made his escape from the car with his female 'Jim Ward Beecher,' and, for the rest of the trip, on the platform of the baggage car ruminated on the sudden changes and meditations of human life.—*Buffalo Republic.*

DICKEY AND SUSEY.—Dickey was poor, Susey had a rich mother; Dickey loved Susey, and *vice versa*; Dickey wanted to marry Susey, and Susey didn't care if he did—but Susey's mother was 'down on that measure.' Dickey was forbid the premises. Notes were exchanged through a knot-hole in the high board fence that inclosed the yard; the old woman went out 'calling' one day, and Dickey was duly informed of the fact; called on Susey—remained a little too long—old lady was close at hand—no chance to escape without detection. At the instance of Susey, Dickey popped into the closet; old lady saw that Susey looked confused; guessed Dickey had been about, but supposed, of course, that he had made good his escape; though the young couple had made an agreement to elope together; determined to be too smart for them, and accordingly shut Susey up in the same closet where Dickey was concealed, throwing her a pillow and a pair of quilts, and locking her up for the night. Didn't see anything of Dickey about the premises during the night, though the old lady set up *all* night for that purpose; next morning went to the closet to let Susey out.

A scream—'O, Lord!' couldn't get breath, for a moment; finally—

'Ahem! Dickey, *is that you*?'

'Yes, ma'am.'

'Ahem! ahem! well Dickey—

'Susey, dear, go and see about the breakfast.' [Exit Susey.]

'Well, Dickey,'

'Well, ma'am.'

'Dickey, you must stay to breakfast.'

'Couldn't, ma'am.'

'Oh, but you must.'

Dickey concluded to stay.

Breakfast table—'Dickey, I have been thinking about you a good deal lately.'

'So I suppose, ma'am—very lately.'

'You are industrious and honest, I hear.'

'I never brag, ma'am.'

'Well, now, upon the whole, Dickey, I think you and Susey had better get married.'

A "HORSE" ANECDOTE.

John Smith said that he wished some one would make a large collection of authentic horse anecdotes; that he knew of no one with the exception of Captain Thomas Brown, and a dozen others, (!) who had even attempted the subject.

'And yet,' continued he, 'almost every one must have noticed the instinct—yes, I will boldly call it reason—of that noble animal. Let me cite one single case in point:—A lady, whose name you will excuse my mentioning publicly, had a beautiful chesnut mare, Arrakokress stock——'

'Please repeat that last name.'

'Arrakokress. You'll find it in the American Stud Book, along with Alakroka, Alknomac Arrakooker, All Fours and All Trumps! Read it over. This chesnut mare, only used under the saddle, was petted, taught to eat from her mistress's hand, and would follow her round the grounds of her country-place like a dog. At a certain hour in the morning, the baker's wagon passed along the main-road in front of her house, and the lady, by long training, at last got the mare to take a three cent piece in her mouth and carry it to the baker, who gave the mare a small loaf of bread in return, and which she was allowed to eat, undisturbed.'

'Very well bred,' said Uncle Ned.

'One morning, however,' continued John Smith, 'an unfortunate affair happened. The lady seeing the baker's wagon, and being called in the house the same time, gave the mare, by mistake, a dollar piece, which was as usual, presented to the baker, who, being a covetous man, had the wickedness to give the mare the entire amount in three cent loaves. The consequences were fatal; the mare eat thirty-three loaves of bread and one roll, and died from a colic, and the lady has never to this day done anything but rail at those 'detestable little gold dollars.' Now, I would like to know if that isn't reasoning, what is it?'

'Why, lying, of course,' answered the invincible, as he ordered the punches. After which we started at once, fully contented with our hour at the Blue Bell; Yankee making such time in the light cutter that the 'Sound' of the sleigh-bells rung when we started, were heard when we once more reached home!

Porter's Spirit of the Times.

"TELL IT NOT IN GATH."

Two colored sisters (manumitted slaves) living in this city, desirous of purchasing the freedom of their mother, in Alabama, were advised by some of their peculiar friends, to get up a public entertainment, at the charge of 25 cents, and thus realize a greater amount in an easier way than by private charity from the hermetrically sealed pockets of the abolitionists. Well, the poor girls worked hard, and after giving public notice, opened their supper at the State House, last evening—full of hope at the prospect of doing a handsome business, and securing their mother's freedom. We suppose the simple reader is beginning to wonder how the poor girls were ever enabled to wait on the throng of 'freedom shriekers' that poured to their entertainment! where they stowed the women and men who have been so alarmed about Kansas becoming a slave State! how they received those ministers who weekly make their desks rattle with thunders against slaveholders! where were placed the 'Aid Societies?' and how fared the 'Anjinidab Sleeks' who pray so loudly in behalf of freedom? There was really no difficulty on that point; for none of those persons deigned to bestow their two shilling pieces for the restoration of this slave mother to her children, although they could have easily eaten their money's worth from the well-supplied table! Only about a dozen persons, we understand, patronized the affair—not enough to pay for the fuel for warming the hall. 'There are four classes in Yale College,' said the ancient Professor, as he 'swept the galleries with his eye,' at the famous 'rifle meeting' at the North Church—but it is apparent that neither of them brought their offerings to these poor sisters! The donators of rifles, to 'put down slavery in Kansas,' could not squeeze out 'a quarter' for the restoration of a *woman from bondage*, the redemption of a mother to her children! 'Tell it not in Gath! publish it not in the streets of Askelon,' that the abolitionists of New Haven refused to give two shillings apiece, (with the privilege, too, of eating it out,) for the freedom of a slave woman!—*New Haven Register.*

COURTSHIP OF A BASHFUL CLERGYMAN.

The Rev. John Brown, the well-known author of the self-interpreting Bible, was a man of singular bashfulness. In token of the truth of this statement, we need only state that his courtship lasted seven years. Six years and a half passed away, and the Reverend gentleman had got no further forward than he had been the first six days. This state of things became intolerable; a step in advance must be made, and Mr. Brown summoned all his courage for the deed. 'Janet,' said he, as they sat one night in solemn silence, 'we've been acquainted now for six years and mair and I have ne'er gotten a kiss yet—d'ye think I might take one ma bonnie girl?' 'Just as you like, John, only becoming and proper wi' it.' 'Surely, Janet, we'll ask a blessing.' The blessing was asked—the kiss was taken, and the worthy divine, perfectly overpowered with the blissful sensation, most rapturously exclaimed—'O! woman! *But it is guid*—we'll return thanks.' Six months made the pious couple man and wife, and, added his descendant, who humorously tells the story, a happier couple never spent a long and useful life together.

☞ The American ladies are celebrated not less for their delicate beauty than for its early and premature decay.

'Keep your dog away from me!' said a dandy to a butcher's boy.

'Darn the dog, he's always after puppies,' said the boy.

THE TWO BUDS.—A friend has sent us a bud—a rose bud. The stem has withered and the tiny leaves are dry and colorless. The flower never bloomed. Within is all its wealth of fragrance and beauty. Not a dew or rain drop ever trembled upon its leaves of crimson velvet. Not a breath of the gentle wind ever kissed away their pleasant odor. Not a ray of sunshine ever slumbered in its delicate petal. Bare is the branch upon which it hung. 'Faded and gone' are all its lovely companions. Leaf by leaf the sweet poetry of earth has dropped away. The soft, sad murmur of the summer brooklet is drowned in harsher tone—and the winds in a wilder breath. The birds have left us. The beauty of the land has faded. But we cannot forget it all. This bud reminds us of it all. Its poetry has never been written out to the sun, and the blue sky, and the shower, and the still night dews. And so heart-buds which have been withered at the first opening of life, have closed upon all their poetry or hopes.

The bud never blossomed! And so upon the hill where the leaves are thickly strewn, mingling away with its mother dust, is a bud that blossomed but for a brief day of life, and the night of death came. Gently it was borne to the earth with all its priceless wealth of bright hopes garnered to its rest. There were tears left upon the velvet cheek more sacred than dew or rain drops, for they fell from eyes scalding with grief. Many and many a warm lingering kiss more holy with the first great grief than the winds ever bore to the tiny lip. Upon the sunbeams which rest on the spot, angels are treading from earth to bliss. The bud before us reminds us of the other, now blossoming where beauty never fades.—*Cayuga Chief.*

SINGULAR CASE.—SUPPOSED TRANCE.—On Friday last, a young lady, named Williams, died suddenly of disease of the heart, in Cincinnati, but on Sunday, when every arrangement had been made for her funeral—when the carriages and hearse had arrived and friends assembled, a relative, on approaching the body for the purpose of taking a last farewell of the departed, noticed a very perceptible flush come over the countenance of the dead, and on placing his hand over the region of the heart, he was surprised to find it yet quite warm, notwithstanding the fact—or supposed fact—that death had occurred three days previous. A number of medical men were at once summoned, who, after a consultation, advised a postponement of the funeral, and the hearse and carriages were dismissed. Since that time the body has not at all changed in appearance. The countenance continues flushed, and there is considerable warmth perceptible in the region of the heart. Meantime, the family and friends are in the greatest doubt and perplexity, amid conflicting opinions as to the nature of the case. Some, who have visited the body, are confident that death has actually taken place, while others maintain that the young lady lies in a trance. Hundreds of people have visited the house daily, drawn there by the singularity of the case.—*Cin. Enq.*

SACREDNESS OF TEARS.—There is a sacredness in tears. They are not the mark of weakness, but of power. They speak more eloquently than ten thousand tongues. They are the messengers of overwhelming grief, of deep contrition, of unspeakable love. If there were wanting any argument to prove that man is not mortal, I would look for it in the strong, convulsive emotion of the breast, when the soul has been deeply agitated, when the fountains of feeling are rising, and when tears are gushing forth in crystal streams. O, speak not harshly of the stricken one—weeping in silence! Break not the solemnity by rude laughter, or intrusive footsteps. Despise not a woman's tears—they are what make her an angel. Scoff not if the stern heart of manhood is sometimes melted to sympathy—they are what helps to elevate him above the brute. I love to see tears of affection. They are painful tokens, but still most holy. There is pleasure in tears—an awful pleasure! If there were none on earth to shed a tear for me, I should be loath to live; and if no one might weep over my grave, I could never die in peace.—*Dr. Johnson.*

NATIONAL CHARACTERISTICS.—The traits of character peculiar to the many people that make up our people, are very happily hit off in the following anecdote:

It was agreed to make a proposition to the representatives of several countries, as they met in the street, to ascertain the answer each one would make. The first who was met was Mr. John Bull, who was asked—

'What will you take to stand all night in the tower of that church?'

'I would not wish to do it short of a guinea.'

The Scotchman came along, and to the same inquiry answered:

'And what would you be willing to give?'

A Frenchman was met, and, bowing very politely, said:

'I would be most happy to oblige you, but I beg to be excused at present, as I am engaged.'

Jonathan promptly replied to the question.

'What will you take to do it?'

'I'll take a dollar.'

And last of all came Patrick, and when the question was put to him, he replied:

'An' sure, I think I would take cowld.'

☞ An exchange has discovered that Schottische is a corruption of the word Scotch-itch, and that the famous dance owes its name to the resemblance of its motions to those of a person afflicted with the Scotch plague aforesaid. This is awful.

FEMALE PHYSICIANS.—Among the graduates at the Female Medical College of Philadelphia, are Orie B. Moon, of Virginia, and Lucy M. Petersilia, of North Carolina.

WONDERS OF SCIENCE.—The often quoted correspondent of the Newark Daily Advertiser, in one of his latest letters from Italy, says:

Stethoscopic auscultation established a principle—thanks to M. Laennec—which has at length produced the *Dynamoscope*: perhaps its greatest service. Other Frenchmen had made some approaches in their efforts to find a mechanical guage for the animal economy—M Bonnet, for example, with his age-telling Spirometre and M. Guillet with his Pneumatometre—but M. Colloagues appears to have won all the honors of discovery by his little steel ear-trumpet, which reports to the practiced ear the organic action and actual condition of the entire body at any given moment—guages its vital force, its age, health and temperature—indicates the course and the event of diseases, &c. The marvellous little instrument, which would seem to leave 'clairvoyance' without an apology, is said to be the final result of a series of experiments in auscultation which led to the discovery that all vital organization gives out an audible sound—a low hum, accompanied by very distinct crepitation or crackling.

These sounds may be discerned, we are told, by an acute ear, but more distinctly with the aid of a steel or cork conducter; and they are said to vary in a measurable manner with the age, temperament, health and seasons, to indicate the difference between the effects of fatigue and disease, apparent and real death, &c. In complete paralysy, epilepsy, and the like, they entirely disappear, though they continue for ten or fifteen minutes after the cessation of pulsation and respiration in death. They are also heard in amputated limbs for some minutes after the operation—as some creatures appear to be alive after losing their heads. The humming (*bourdonnement*) appears in every part of the body to which the instrument may be applied, but the crepitation only at the extremities of the fingers and toes—when one of them is placed in its bowl. I am not aware that any theory has been deduced from these singular results of this new course of physiological enquiry.

WHAT'S IN A NAME?—We find the following in the Legislative (Assembly) report of the Albany Statesman of Friday:

Randall Breed put in a petition asking that his name might be changed to Lyman Breed Randall. The reason given was that the lady he desired to marry had an objection to the Breed, but was willing to unite herself to him provided that the prayer of his petition should be granted by the State, and his legal name changed to Randall. He therefore wishes to put the Breed in the middle. He had nearly succeeded two years since in getting a bill through. It then passed the House, but was lost in the Senate for the want of two votes, thus depriving him for the time being of a wife.

A RHYMSTER IN LIMBO.—A poetical genius was hauled up before one of the police magistrates at New Orleans for kissing a girl and kicking up a dust—and the following examination took place:

Mag—Is your name John Ray?

Pris—Yes, your Honor, so the people say.

Mag—Was it you that kissed the girl and raised the alarm?

Pris—Yes, your Honor, and I thought it no harm.

Mag—You rascal, did you come here to make rhymes.

Pris—No, your Honor, but it will happen some times.

Mag—Be off, you scamp, get out of my sight.

Pris—Thank'ee, your Honor, then I'll bid you good night.

☞ Some lady, who has more reverence for the inspiration she draws from Helicon than for that imported from Havana, comes down after the following style upon the patrons of the weed. Let her pray may be answered, and large dealers in cigars must hedge on Macaboy or cave in:

"May never lady press his lips,
His proffered love returning,
Who makes a furnace of his mouth,
And keeps its chimney burning!
May each true woman shun his sight,
For fear his fumes might choke her;
And none but those who smoke themselves
Have kisses for a smoker."

A CASE.—In the court of special sessions this morning a man named Smith was arraigned for stealing a demijohn containing three gallons of whiskey. 'Are you guilty or not guilty?' asked the clerk. 'Wall, you can call it what you like; I tuk the whiskey, that I admit, and *drinked* it too.'—You took it without leave, did you not? 'I never wait to be asked when *that* article's round.'—*N. Y. Post.*

'GOOD AND BETTER.'

A father sat by the chimney post,
On a winter's day, enjoying a roast;
By his side a maiden young and fair,
A girl with a wealth of golden hair;
And she teases the father, stern and cold,
With a question of duty, trite and old:
'Say, father, what shall a maiden do
When a man of merit comes to woo?
And, father, what of this pain in my breast,
Married or single—which is the best?'

Then the sire of the maiden young and fair,
The girl of the wealth of golden hair,
He answers, as ever do fathers cold,
To the question of duty, trite and old:
'She who weddeth keeps God's letter;
She who weds not, doeth better.'
Then meekly answered the maiden fair,
The girl with the wealth of golden hair:
'I will keep the sense of the Holy Letter,
Content to do WELL, without doing BETTER.'

Democratic Pioneer.

J. B. GODWIN, Editor.

GODWIN & QUILLIN, Proprietors.

TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 24, 1857.

NOTICE.

The Pioneer establishment having been transferred to the hands of new proprietors, it is very important that all old accounts should be settled as speedily as possible. Those, therefore, who are indebted to the office for subscription, advertising or job work are earnestly requested to come forward and make settlement without delay

☞ *To those having business with the Editor of the "Pioneer," we will say that he may be found at his office, over the store of C. C. Green, Esq. This notice is necessary, as the impression seems to be, that we have taken the office of the late Editor. This is not so. The Publisher.* MR. E. R. QUILLIN, *may always be seen at the* PIONEER OFFICE, *upon business connected with his department.*

☞ We are authorized to announce JAMES W. HINTON, Esq., as a candidate for re-election to the office of County Court Clerk for Pasquotank County.

☞ We are authorized to announce WM E MANN, Esq., as a candidate for the office of Clerk of the County Court of Pasquotank county.

☞ We are authorized to announce WILLIAM A. HARNEY, Esq., as a candidate for the office of County Court Clerk of Pasquotank county.

☞ We are authorized to announce JAMES K. LONG, as a candidate for the office of Superior Court Clerk for Pasquotank County.

☞ We are requested to announce WM. E. VAUGHAN, as a candidate for the office of Superior Court Clerk for Pasquotank County.

☞ We are authorized to announce Capt. WILLIAM A. CULLEN as a candidate for the office of Superior Court Clerk of Pasquotank County.

The absence of the publisher will account for any short coming in the typographical appearance of the Pioneer of to day

☞ We have received a marriage notice, but for the want of a signature, decline publishing it.

We are indebted to the Hon Asa Biggs for a copy of the able speech of the Hon. R. M. T. Hunter, upon the Tariff. Also to the Hon. David S. Reid for a copy of the Report of the Committee on Military Affairs.

LITERARY NOTICES.

☞ "The Cosmopolitan Art Journal" comes to us laden with its store of choice reading.

☞ We welcome the Lady's Home Magazine for April, to our table. It is a monthly that should be in the hands of every lady in the land

The April number of the *Southern Planter* we have looked over, and we take pleasure in recommending it to the farmer as well worthy his patronage

GODEY FOR APRIL.—This deservedly popular periodical has been received, and presents an extensive and varied repast. It merits an extensive circulation.

The London Quarterly Review is upon our table, also Blackwood's Magazine, both well filled with valuable matter.

Those fond of light reading, will find PETERSON'S LADIES' National for April well adapted to their wants. The engraving—The Rejected—is worth the price of the book.

☞ The Rev. Mr. Lansdell has kindly presented us with a handsome copy of "THE PRINCE OF THE HOUSE OF DAVID," by Prof Ingraham. The above work comprises a series of letters from the Holy City, purporting to be written by a Jewess to her father, relating in a pleasing, familiar style "scenes and wonderful incidents" in the life of the Saviour. From a superficial glance at the contents of this book, we are disposed to recommend it as highly instructive and interesting. Mr. Lansdell is the agent for the work, of whom it can be had.

☞ We have never been disposed to boast *much* of our good looks, notwithstanding the "devil" once slyly intimated that *he* thought with care we might squeeze through a crowd in the dark without being laughed at; our vanity was not touched by the compliment Berth and Burgess however have accomplished what the "devil" failed to do; for we are forced to confess, that when we gazed upon a beautifully *executed* Ambrotype likeness of our veritable self, laid before us by the latter gentleman, we stood as erect as a Russian grenadier—not quite so *tall* we imagine—and defied all ambrotypedom to produce a better looking man The specimen upon our table is a gem of the art, and the artist, Mr J L Burgess, has given an evidence of skill in "picture taking" rarely excelled. You that want good pictures, call upon Messrs. Berth and Burgess.

We cannot close this notice without calling attention to those beautiful specimens of Photographic pictures to be seen at the rooms of the gentlemen named above. In appearance they resemble the most finished steel engravings and are equally as lasting Mr. Berth is prepared to furnish the Photographs to all who desire them.

POSITION OF PARTIES IN 1860.

There are those who confidently assert that a thorough disintegration of existing political parties must, during the next four years, inevitably follow as a consequence of the decision of the Supreme Court in the Dred Scott case. The present aspect of Northern and Northwestern journalism goes far to support this opinion. In all the States North of Mason's and Dixon's line; in Ohio, Indiana, and Illinois—we meet with fierce utterances and bold denunciations. By some the Constitution itself is held up to contempt; by others its judicial expounders are bespattered with language too gross and shameless to be repeated—In what manner this is to end, time alone will disclose; but the indications at present are, that in the next Presidential campaign but two parties will be in the field—one determined to modify the Constitution, so as to make the Judges of the Supreme Court elective hereafter by the people, and to limit their term of office, and the other equally resolute in opposing any change whatever in that instrument.

If this re-organization of parties does take place upon some such basis as indicated above, it is contended that the Iconoclastic proclivities of the Republicans will gather some strength from among the ranks of the Northern Democrats, but will be weakened by the defection of many former partizans, whose profound reverence for the Constitution enables them to rise superior to the clamor of faction and the promptings of local prejudices.

In such an array of parties, the Old line Whigs and American organization, now pretty effectually weeded of fanatics and ultraists would be found on the side of the defenders of the Constitution.

We find the above extract in the Baltimore Patriot, and give it a place for the purpose of calling the attention of our readers to the importance of a thorough organization of our whole available force against the wild band of fanatics and desperadoes who it is evident are determined to combine for a more desperate onslaught upon the Constitution than has ever yet been attempted. The decision of the Supreme Court in the Dred Scott case, has deprived them of the capital necessary to wage a war with any prospect of success upon their old platform, and the issue in the next campaign will be for so amending the Constitution as to change entirely the plan of selecting Judges of the Supreme Court. This is a serious phase of this sectional agitation, and will no doubt bring about a complete disruption of party organizations so far as the opponents of the National Democracy are concerned. The last campaign leaves not a doubt of the nationality of the Democratic party, and how the Northern section of the party will stand upon this new issue is clearly established from the tone of the press north of Mason and Dixon's line.—We have yet to see the first sheet identified with the Democracy, that does not cordially endorse the decision of the Court, and receive it as the final quietus to the slavery agitation. The voice of the press we believe to be the voice of the party to which it belongs; therefore we say, that in reference to this question, the Democratic party will be upon the side of the Constitution, and the maintainance of its safeguards unaltered.

How will it be with the opposition? Can they exist as at present constituted, or will they dissolve, and form new alliances and new associations? The modification of the Constitution will be the basis upon which the Black Republicans will organize for the next trial of strength, and the campaign of 1860 must be fought for the perpetuity of that instrument. With this question before the people there can be but two parties; and before it the American party must go down. To suppose it possible that to it can be gathered a force sufficient to render it even formidable, is to suppose an absurdity. In the North it is so completely absorbed in the free soil element, that scarce a vestige of it exists; in the South, it is prostrate and powerless. Among the few who still adhere to its fortunes in the former, there are some Constitutional loving men; they must and will side with the party that offers the best prospect of a successful resistance to the assaults of the common enemy. The Democratic party can alone offer this resistance, and to their standard will rally the friends of the Constitution, whatever difference of opinion may exist upon questions of minor importance. We cannot believe that in the South a separate and distinct organization will be blindly insisted upon by the "American" party, but impressed with the magnitude of the dangers which threaten us, they must yield their party predelictions, and join their forces with ours. There can be but two contestants for the victory, Black Republicanism upon the one side, the National Democracy upon the other. The destruction of the Constitution will be the watchword of the one; its preservation and perpetuation the battle cry of the other. The bull dog ferocity with which the Black Republicans attack the Judges of the Supreme Court for their recent action, points unerringly to a desperate conflict in 1860. We could scarce believe that with all the malignity, the hate, and the demoniacal passions that rankle in the bosoms of the vile hordes of Northern abolitionism, that it would dare to pour its foul venom upon the highest tribunal in the land; a tribunal that has ever been regarded with love and veneration by the American people as too pure to be soiled or contaminated by the filthy touch of partisan warfare; and as the expounders of the Constitution, too wise and too just to be warped by party favor or sectional prejudice. Amidst the political tornadoes which have swept the Union to its utmost limits; amidst the crash of contending thousands that have caused the very foundations of our government to tremble and quiver, and the sacred structure reared thereon to totter its fall; amidst the convulsions and throes that party warfare in its hours of madness has communicated to every fibre and cord of our wide spread Republic, none have ever dared attack the honor or integrity of the Supreme Judiciary. This act of infamy has been reserved for the diabolical malice of the infernal crew that have transformed the land that should have been a paradise into a pandemonium. But this is a digression from our original purpose. We designed in this article to show the necessity for a union, a concert of action, a joining of forces for the common defence. The denunciations which have flowed red hot from the forges that keep their incessant fires in the depraved hearts of abolition incendiaries, leave no room to doubt the issue of the next general engagement; and to be forewarned is to be forearmed. Four years it is true will intervene before that struggle comes on; but divisions in reference to questions that dwindle to insignificance in comparison with the one upon the decision of which hangs our national existence, during the interval, will but embolden the foe with the hope that again, as in the last canvass, bitter dissensions may lead us to hazard the loss of all in the desire for partisan triumphs An unbroken front will prove an impregnable wall. Let the South discard those petty differences which have kept them apart, and animated only by a sincere and patriotic desire to preserve unimpaired the rich heritage bequeathed by the fathers of the Republic, come together as one man, and from now until the day of trial, stand in solid phalanx under that banner that bears upon its broad folds —The Constitution as it is; the Union of the States coexistent with an unmutilated Constitution.

The final result of this agitation will leave us but little to regret. The phase which it has at last assumed, will bind together the friends of the Union and render them invincible. Deceived as to the true intentions and motives of the negro worshippers, many gave them their support; now that the assault is directly upon the Constitution, their arms will be turned against their former friends. If the repeal of the Missouri restriction was the "Pandora's box from which all the evils proceeded" that have so disturbed us, Hope has also come forth, and now sheds its halo of light over the country. The power to restore quiet is ours; let us use it.

THE DODGER DODGED.

We cannot help laughing at the wire workers of the Democratic party, for they are in a strait, as regards the place of holding their Convention. First they said Winton, but Winton it seems does not suit now; the reason of all this is simply this, they (the wire workers) hearing it rumored at Gates February Court, that the American party thought of holding a Convention at Winton, forthwith changed from their old rooting ground, Gatesville, to that point. But now that the American party intend holding their Convention at Edenton, they immediately change back again to Gatesville.—*Sentinel.*

As the "dodger" was "dodged," who "dodged" the "dodger"?

"They (the wire workers) hearing it rumored at Gates February Court, that the American party thought of holding a Convention at Winton, forthwith changed from their old rooting ground, Gatesville, to that point." Very good! No dodging there, neighbor, for if you speak true, we desired to keep you company, and "changed" accordingly. Then by your own showing you "*dodged*" to Edenton, where you proposed meeting on the 26th of March, but not feeling altogether safe, you "dodged" a little farther on to the 9th of April. Now as your first "dodge" seemed to indicate a wish to keep clear of us, we very quietly determined to return to our "old rooting ground" and not molest you farther. "The dodger dodged" successfully, did he not, neighbor?

By the way, will the Sentinel inform us at what time, the "name of the Hon. H. M. Shaw was prominently presented by one meeting"?

We are not surprised at the want of sympathy exhibited by the Sentinel in the "family quarrels" of its neighbors; for the old saw has it, "that misery loves company," and the editor has played so *prominent* a part in a "family quarrel" for the last several years, that it is but natural that he should like to see others in the same fix.

The old line Whigs of to day, stand where they have always stood, on the side of their country And there they will continue to stand, and with the American party, try to keep back the tide of Foreign influence and Jesuitical doctrines.—*Sentinel.*

Indeed! It has not yet been two years since you told us that the Whig party fell by its own corruption, and now you say 'they stand where they have always stood,' in their corruption then, of course. Very complimentary that!

But, Mr. Sentinel you have not forgotten how your troubled spirit was soothed and comforted in 1852 by the melodious sound of the 'sweet German accent,' and 'the rich Irish brogue,' and if we remember rightly, you were one of those "old line Whigs" who were *not* trying "to keep back the tide of Foreign influence." Wonderful! is it not?

FATAL ACCIDENT AT GOLD HILL.

We learn that Mr. John Waters, an Englishman, aged about 25 years, was killed in a shaft at Gold Hill on Friday last. A bucket broke loose from the rope and fell 300 feet to the bottom of the shaft where Mr. Waters was at work, striking him in its descent, and wounded him so badly that he died in two hours after the accident.

Salisbury Watchman.

For the Pioneer.

MR. EDITOR: Our community has been entertained during the winter by the progress of a series of lectures in its midst, delivered by the literati of this and the neighboring counties. Whatever may have induced their origin, it is needless to mention: suffice it to say, that the thanks of the savans of our quiet little town are due the originator for the many rare intellectual feasts which, through his exertions, have been weekly opened before them.

The lecture, which terminated the series, was delivered last evening by a young townsman of yours, Mr. John Williams. In this his first appearance before the citizens of Edenton, Mr. Williams has lost nothing. This, Mr. Editor, is saying much. In nine cases out of ten it is otherwise. That young man must boast a rare ability, who can win the plaudits of an audience, such as he addressed last evening—one of refined literary taste, and confessed critical ability. Mr. W.'s reputation, as a young man of marked promise had preceded him, and I can't say that little was expected. Upon the announcement of his subject—History, its nature, and the benefits derived from its study—we expected a random ramble over a wide area,—a vast deal of dust, and nothing more. Instead, however, of a vague and discursive manner, he grasped the subject with a comprehension belonging to maturer years. He traced the objects and benefits of history with admirable tact, confining himself to the most instructive phases of his subject, and occasionally gathering flowers by the wayside, which he made acceptable presents to a gratified auditory. We know the general feeling was that of decided satisfaction. The invariable reply was, "a very good lecture." If Mr. Williams, who, we understand, is a recently elected member of the Bar, be as successful in his early efforts there as he has been in this his debut in the literary world, we confidently predict for him a brilliant forensic career. Yours &c.

Edenton, March 17th, 1857.

TRIBUTE OF RESPECT.

At a meeting of the students of the Wesleyan Female College, Murfreesboro', N. C., held in the Chapel, March 12, 1857, upon the occasion of the death of Miss CORDELIA BANKS, one of the students of said Institution; the following preamble and resolutions were adopted:

WHEREAS, in the death of Miss Cordelia Banks, it has pleased an all-wise Providence to remove from among us one of our happy circle, who, by the high character of her intellectual endowments and her unswerving devotion to truth and right, by her unaffected frankness of manner and her genuine openness of heart, by her generous spirit of active benevolence, and her unostentatious but firmly maintained purpose to dedicate her life to the God of the Bible, had won the admiration of every eye, and the earnest love of every heart; and who, by having been deprived, in early childhood, of the watchful care of both her parents, and by a constitution naturally frail and rendered still more delicate by the stealthy encroachments of disease, had clustered around her the tenderest sympathies of all her associates: Therefore, be it

Resolved, 1. That while our hearts are melted with grief and our eyes bedimmed with tears, at the loss we sustain by this afflictive visitation; we would bow in meek submission to Him "who doeth all things well," humbly trusting that death has but exalted her from the sorrows and pains of earth to the rest and joy of heaven.

Resolved, 2 That we sincerely condole with the friends and relatives of our dear Cordelia; having ourselves learned how worthy she was to be loved in life, how worthy to be remembered in death.

Resolved, 3. That we will wear the usual badge of mourning for thirty days.

Resolved, 4 That the Editors of the Richmond Christian Advocate and of the newspapers of Elizabeth City be requested to publish these proceedings.

AURELIA R. PRUDEN,
SALLIE D. LEWIS,
J. ANNA HARRELL, } *Com.*

KANSAS.

Bishop Pierce, of Georgia, one of the most eminent of the Bishops of the Methodist church, has been lately travelling in the West, and communicates to the Charleston Christian Advocate, "Notes of a Western tour." In the last number of that journal, there is an account of his observations in Kansas, which we have read with interest. The views of a gentleman of such intelligence and impartiality, and so far removed from the influence of political bias and passion, cannot but have much weight with all candid minds. Whilst Bishop Pierce expressed the opinion that the policy of the North and the South, in sending armed bands to Kansas, the pretence of settlement was unquestionable wrong in its objects, and disastrous in its results, he pronounces it beyond all controversy that the North, in its blind zeal to make Kansas a free State, provoked all the troubles that followed, by picking up and forwarding a population to serve their purposes, and that the abolitionists were the aggressors by their violence and rebellion, and lawless intrusion upon the rights of others. Still, the South, he thinks, erred, imitating a bad example. She ought to have sent citizens, not soldiers, and left the abolitionists to the law and the troops of the general government, which plan he thinks would have saved Kansas to the South, and a quiet, *bona fide* emigration might do it yet. Not that he thinks the climate, soil and productions favorable to slavery, but it might be recognized in her constitution, when the time for her admission as a State shall come, and there would be slaves enough, along with this, to identify Kansas with the Southern States, in the councils of the country. No physical law bars the institution. *It is there, and there it might remain.* Nevertheless, he thinks the South will lose it, by her own fault, rather than by the contrivance of her enemies.

Col. Webb writes from Washington to the N. Y. Courier, that he has been permitted to examine carefully the altercations made by the Senate in its conditional ratification of the Dallas treaty, and has no hesitation in saying that they are such as will be very cheerfully acquiesced in by England. No one of the changes recommended affects in any way the principles upon which the treaty is based, and those articles which relate to questions that have heretofore produced disagreement remain untouched.

THE DECISION OF THE SUPREME COURT.

It was not to be expected that the Abolition press would readily concur in the wisdom, justice and constitutionality of the decision recently delivered in the Supreme Court of the United States in the case of SCOTT *vs.* SANFORD: but it was hardly to be supposed that journals claiming to be respectable should so forget what is due to the public decency and decorum as to assert that the solemn and deliberate judgment of the highest tribunal in the land is entitled to no more "moral weight than would be the judgment of a majority of those congregated in any Washington bar-room," or to impugn the honesty and purity of the great Constitutional lawyers who occupy the exalted position of supreme and final judges of all matters relating to the interpretation of the Constitution and the laws. We believe, however, that these indecent and contemptible calumnies will meet with no approving response beyond the limited circle of disappointed factionists whose vocation it is to foment strife and discord to subserve individual and selfish ends; that by the great masses of the people who prefer truth to error, light to darkness, upon important political questions, the decision will be respected and honored, and that it will be accepted as a permanent record stamped with the absolute authority of the Constitution itself.

It is now decided on authority which admits of no appeal or question, and which few will presume to dispute, that negroes whether bond or free cannot be citizens of the United States according to the Constitution; that it is not in the power of any one particular State by conferring citizenship within its limits on a negro, to endow him with full citizenship in the other States of the Union without their consent; that the ordinance of 1787 adopted by the thirteen colonies while they formed a confederacy "for mutual protection," was superseded by the present Constitution, which was not framed until after the passage of that Ordinance, and which so far from prohibiting slavery or involuntary servitude, expressly declares that, "nothing in the Constitution shall be so construed as to prejudice any claims of the United States or of any particular State" with regard to the common property; that as a necessary consequence of this decision, the Act of 1820, known as the Missouri Compromise, is void, and unwarranted by the Constitution, it not being in the power of Congress to draw an arbitrary line across the United States, and to declare that north of that line United States citizens are forbidden to hold slaves; that the temporary residence of a slave in a free State does not legally render him free when he returns to a slave State, and that it is not in the power of Congress "to legislate slavery in any State or Territory, nor to exclude it therefrom," but that the Constitution vests that power in the people of the States and Territories alone, who are "perfectly free to form and regulate their domestic institutions in their own way, subject only to the provisions of the Constitution of the United States."

The vast and comprehensive social and political importance of this lucid and convincing judgment of the first constitutional authorities in the Republic, cannot be too highly estimated. It dissipates the mist in which we have been enveloped for years; it exposes in all their deformity the slavery heresies by which we have been disturbed for more than half a century; it lays down, in language stripped of all sophistry or sectional bias, the relations which should exist between the States and Territories of the Union; it gives to the North, to the South, to the East, and to the West the true chart and compass by which to steer, and it proclaims to the people that they alone have the right, at all times and under all circumstances, to provide their own local government, to regulate their own affairs, and to decide for themselves whether they will or will not adopt domestic servitude as one of their institutions.

The people, who reverence the Constitution and the laws, and who only need to be shown the truth to adopt and obey it, will hail the decision with satisfaction and will regard its authoritative and final settlement of grievous sectional issues as almost the greatest political boon which has been vouchsafed to us since the foundation of the Republic. The demagogues who see the fuel upon which they relied for kindling the flames of discord and fanaticism thus snatched from their grasp, may seek to assail the illustrious judges by whom this grand exposition of constitutional rights has been promulgated; but their shafts can never reach the height which those gifted men occupy as well by their official station as in the veneration and respect of the people.

Journal of Commerce.

NEGRO SUFFRAGE.

The New York Legislature is considering a bill so to amend the Constitution as to confer the right of suffrage upon free negroes.

It has already passed the Senate, and was immediately consigned by the House to the committee of the whole, without reference to the Judiciary committee.

Upon this text the "New York Day Book" thus discourseth: "Yes, 'God *is* good.' Were He not, the persons who are endeavoring to bring upon this country all the loathsome consequences of a mixture of the black and white races, would be swept from its face as unfit to live or to breathe the blessed air of heaven. Here is a matter proposed from which all naturally revolt, yet the 'Republican' leaders because they suppose it will add some thirty or forty thousand votes to their party, seek to bring the disgrace of entire equality with negroes upon the white citizens of this State, and this, too, is the very face of the fact that ten years ago 'negro suffrage' was voted down with emphatic indignation. Let them, however, try it again, and we promise them a good fight. The people of this State, we apprehend, will never disgrace themselves by such a monstrosity as negro citizenship. If they do, then let us have negro Judges, members of Congress, &c. Let our wives and daughters tinge their rosy blood with the dark and sooty hues of Africa, and let the stream of pollution flow on until we are but a loathsome race of effeminate mongrels, for such is what 'negro suffrage' means."

Naval Depot Site selected—Re-appointments.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—St. Simon's Island, near Brunswick, Georgia, has been selected as the site for the Naval Depot ordered by the last Congress.

George T. Wright has been re-appointed Collector at Tappahannock, Va., and Oliver S. Dewey, Collector at Ocracoke, North Carolina.

From the Washington Union, March 11.

A VISIT OF NORTH CAROLINIANS TO GEN. PIERCE.

The North Carolinians in Washington, some thirty in number, paid their respects to ex-President Pierce, yesterday, at 12 o'clock, at the residence of Gov. Marcy.—Gov. Reid, the senior Senator from that State, introduced the company to General Pierce, after which, he addressed him substantially as follows:

Senator Reid's Address.

"GEN. PIERCE: A portion of the citizens of North Carolina avail themselves of this occasion to testify their respect for you as a man, and their high appreciation of your eminent public services. Your efforts to maintain and perpetuate the great principles of the constitution challenge the gratitude and the approval of the whole country. Our State partakes largely of this feeling.

"At the commencement of your administration you bestowed the compliment upon North Carolina of selecting her distinguished son as a member of your Cabinet; and, although we deeply, deeply regret to say that he retires from the public service in feeble health and with a shattered constitution, yet it is a high consolation to know that he has left the great stuff of the public service intrusted to his charge in an eminently healthy and prosperous condition.

"In bidding you adieu, we express the fond hope that, in the retirement of private life, the remainder of your days may be as peaceful and happy as your public career has been brilliant and successful!"

General Pierce replied that he felt deeply sensible of this mark of respect and kindness on the part of citizens of the State of North Carolina.

During his administration it had been his fortune to confer freely with members of the North Carolina delegation in Congress, and to lean much on them for counsel and support; that from none did he ever receive more patriotic advice or sincere counsel. Allusion had been made to James C. Dobbin, and he could sincerely say that if North Carolina felt kindness for him, that he was more than repaid in the talented and pure-hearted executive officer that she had given to his aid. He had never met Mr. Dobbin until he had summoned him to the council board; throughout the whole administration he felt deeply the influence of his enlarged views and patriotic counsel. In the most excited discussions of the cabinet, amid the severest conflict of opinion, the clear head and pure heart of Mr. Dobbin, "like the sweet South," breathed the spirit of conciliation and concord, and he was cheered in his course by his matchless and winning influences. Of such a man any State might be well proud. His influence in the important branch of the public service over which he presided would be felt for years to come. The only painful reflection ever felt was that his health had been impaired by his application to his laborious duties. He hoped that his valuable life would be spared, and that long years of future service and honors awaited him.

General Pierce stated that he had ever cherished a profound respect for the State of North Carolina, and the deepest interest in her early history. On a recent occasion, in an interview with a delegation from Tennessee, he could not refrain from remarking that the conservative qualities and true principles of government which marked the course of Tennessee were attributable to the fact that she was the offspring of "the good old North State."

To the State of North Carolina, to her citizens, and especially her Senators present, he felt grateful for the support he had received; he should retain a deep sense of their kindness and generous confidence.

At the close of General Pierce's remarks Governor Marcy came into the room and was presented to the company. After a few minutes spent in general conversation, they all shook hands with Gen. Pierce, bidding him a final adieu.

THE RETIRING ADMINISTRATION

The National Intelligencer pays the following just tribute to the retiring members of the late administration:

But, however great may be the diversity of judgment respecting the policy of its particular measures, all will concede to the retiring administration, as a whole, the merit of industry and fidelity in the discharge of its ministerial duties. In this respect it may safely challenge comparison with any that has preceded it. The head of each department seems to have vied with his colleagues in giving to his particular branch of the general government all the efficiency which talent, aided by untiring assiduity, could effect. Where each has thus done his duty with such commendable diligence, it would be invidious to indulge in special praise; and if the same measure of success has not attended the efforts of all, the blame should perhaps be assigned to the intractable nature of certain administrative details, which afford a very wide margin for unavoidable grounds of complaint on the part of those who fail to consider the thousand-fold contingencies to which such a service is subjected.

While the logic of the sagacious and experienced Secretary of State may have failed in a few cases to convince us, we yield to none in a high appreciation of the general conservatism and statesmanlike ability he has always brought to the conduct of the correspondence which he has held with foreign governments. Without detracting aught from the honor due to the President for his part in directing those important negotiations, we may yet be pardoned in expressing the opinion that much of the success of his administration in its management of our foreign relations deserves to be attributed to his trusted and trusty Secretary of State. And if the head of each of the other departments may be truly said to have rivalled in his respective sphere of duties the zeal and ability of the Foreign Secretary, it is perhaps not to much to affirm that the learned and indefatigable Attorney General of the retiring ministry has *organized* the administrative duties of his office, thus rendering more easy the career of his successor, not only by the clean docket he transmits, but also by the systematizing genius which has enabled him to define the boundaries of his province, with all its subdivisions and dependencies.

As that praise is always most valuable which proceeds from those best qualified to judge of the grounds on which it is conferred, we need but allude to the confidence which the business men of the country have steadily reposed in the out going Secretary of the Treasury as constituting in itself strong testimony to the intelligence and fidelity with which he has performed the intricate and responsible functions of his office; while to the *personnel* of the army and of the navy the Secretaries of War and the Departments may safely appeal for a general plaudit, which forms the reward of official station. If the Secretaries of the Interior and the Post Office have had a wider constituency to please, we are sure they have labored no less or less justly earned the approbation of those entitled to sit in judgment upon their labors.

When the Roman Emperor [illegible] has come in aftertimes to be regarded as the palmiest days of national greatness, when about to depart from the stage of office, he turned to inquire of his courtiers whether he had played well his part; being answered in the affirmative, expired with the word of applause upon his lips. "Then give me the plaudite!" That which in his case was but the inspiration and exaction of imperial pride, the ruling passion strong in death, deserves among us to be but the voluntary homage which the citizen of a republic may pay to the faithful servant of the national Commonwealth; and, if such is due to those who are now about to lay down their public trusts, we cheerfully and with those of our fellow-citizens who are ready to accord to them that tribute.

IMPORTANT CONVENTION.

It is proposed to hold a convention [illegible] presenting the various railroads [illegible] tween the Mississippi Valley and the ports of Norfolk, for the purpose of appointing a commission to proceed to England for the endeavor to prevail upon the proprietors of the new monster steamship, now building on the Thames, to bring her, upon her first trans-Atlantic trip, to the harbor of Norfolk. The 15th of April or thereabouts has been named as the time of holding the convention, and Lynchburg as the place.

There are but two ports in North America which this collossal vessel can enter, Portland, in the frozen regions of Maine, and Norfolk, in the balmy sunny South and the geographical centre of our Atlantic coast As a matter of course, Portland has been wide awake and busily engaged for some time in preparing for a visit from the Leviathan. We are glad to see Norfolk arousing ourselves at last, and better late than never." We need not say a word as to the importance to the commercial interests of the South, and of eastern Virginia, of such a demonstration of the commercial advantages, as the visit of the steamer would afford. Our object is simply to invoke the City Council of Norfolk, and of other Virginia cities to appoint delegates to the proposed convention, and to co-operate with such measures as may be necessary in carrying out its purposes.

Should such a convention be assembled, and a commission be appointed, composed of the very first men of Virginia, North Carolina, and other States immediately interested, there could be no doubt of their success. None others but the most eminent men of the State should be entrusted with such a mission, for it is one which will require great tact and influence, and whose successful, will prove of more value to the South than any mission which has laid the foundation of the government here since the United States to England.

THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN.

The cordial and unequivocal demonstrations of change of sentiments of highest consideration and unaffected expression of warm friendly feelings of fraternal friendship between Lord Napier and the President, at the official interview on Monday, are the assurance of an earnest desire not only for the continuance of amicable relations, but for the most cordial co-operation, each with the other in the great cause of civilization, on the part of the two powers which they respectively represent. The British Minister addressed the President of the United States, not with the equivocal candor of diplomatic intercourse, nor with the reserve, the hauteur and the pomposity, calculated to characterize the ambassador of an envious, arrogant or supercilious people, in his intercourse with the representative dignitary of a nation, which was regarded rather as a rival and enemy than as a friend and friend; but, like an open, honorable and generous Englishman, cognizant of the high destiny his own country and of the defects of character to her, but not unmindful of the elements of dignity, the character or power of the people, whose executive he was addressing.

The President's reply was unanimous, grateful and gracious, and on the occasion and the nation. Lord Napier doubtless echoed the sentiments of his own land, Mr. Buchanan uttered the sentiments and reflected the feelings of his native country.

IS THERE A MAELSTROM?

This question has again been raised by a correspondent of the Scientific American. Every school boy of the last century has been taught to believe that there was a terrible and wonderful vortex on the coast of Norway, which not only an eddy several miles in diameter, but ships, and even huge whales were sometimes dragged within its terrible coils, and buried forever in ocean depths.' The correspondent of the Scientific American, says:

'I have been informed by a [illegible] acquaintance that the Maelstrom, instead of a whirlpool on the coast of Norway, is in all geographies, and of which we have heard such wonderful stories, has no existence. He told me that a nautical commission, composed of several persons, was appointed by the King of Denmark and sent to approach as near as possible to the knowledge of the whirlpool, sail around it, measure its circumference, observe its depth and make a report. They went out, sailed all around, all over where the Maelstrom was said to be, but could not find it. The sea was as smooth where the whirlpool was said to be, as any other part of the ocean.'

We presume the above is correct, as the latest geographies and gazetteers do not include to the maelstrom. Colton, in his new atlas, gives the site upon his map, but does not allude to it in his descriptive way *Harper's Gazetteer*, in describing Norway, says that 'among the numerous islands on the West coast there are dangerous and irregular currents; which render the coast navigation dangerous. Among these is the celebrated *Mal-Storm*, or Maelstrom Storm, the danger from which is greatly exaggerated, since it can, at most times, be passed over, even by boats.' The romance of the maelstrom has been effectually destroyed.

THE MURDER OF DAVIDSON.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—[illegible] Jury have found a true bill against S. Lee for murder in the first degree, killing David Hume, of Alexandria. Col. Lee is now in jail.

...LADELPHIA APPOINTMENTS.

...ASHINGTON, March 19.—The follow... appointments for Philadelphia have ... made. D. Baker, Collector of the ...; C. McKibben, Naval Officer; J. ...ilton, jr. Surveyor; W. Badger, Nav... Agent; Jacob Yost, Marshal of the ...ern District of Pennsylvania; G. D. ...tcett, Postmaster.

...ORFOLK MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY
For the Pioneer, by
SHERWOOD & YOUNG,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
NORFOLK, VA.

NORFOLK, March 23.

...IN—Wheat,	White.	150a160.
	do. Red.	150—
	Corn, White.	64a65.
	do. Yellow.	65a68.
	do. Mixed.	63a64.
...S—Black Eye.		156a162
	Black.	120a125
	Red.	100a112.
...S.		45a50.
...NS—White.		200—
...N MEAL—Bolted.		80a85.
	Unbolted.	75a80.
...ITS—Dried Apples.		181a187.
	" Peaches.	500a550.
...—Family Palmetto.		900a925.
	Extra. "	800a825.
	Superfine. "	700a725.
	Fine. "	600a625.
	Middling "	525a550.
...ON—Hog round.		12½a13
	Extra Hams,	14a15
	" Shoulders.	11½a12
	" Sides.	12½a13
	Jolos.	8a9
...—*No. 1*		14a15
	No. 2	13a14
...ES—R.O. Hogshead Prime.		27a30
	Culls.	13a15
	W. O. Hogshead Prime.	40a45
	Pipe. "	65a70
	Barrel, "	25a26
	Culls.	$8
...KEY—Palmetto.		29a30
	Old Rye.	50a125
...DY—Apple		70a75
	Peach.	90a1¼

MARRIED,

the 5th inst., by the Rev'd J. D. ... GEORGE W. HINTON, Esq., of this ... to Miss MARY A. RIDDICK, of ...mans.

DIED.

...arfreesboro, in the 17th year of her ... CORDELIA BANKS, a resident of ..., but at the time of her death a stu... the Wesleyan College.

WANTED.

...LAVE WOMAN, to do general ...ouse work—one from the country ...d. Apply to
DR. H. P. R.TTER.
...ty, Mar. 24th, 1857—5t.

...TE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

PERQUIMANS COUNTY.

...of Pleas and Quarter Sessions—February Term, A. D. 1857.

...h C. Layden, vs. ...rs-at-law of ...ayden, dec'd. | To the Court—Petition for Dower.

...N the hearing of the above cause, it appearing to the court that Josiah Lafayette ...Layden, heirs at Law of Thomas Lay... are infants of tender age, it is ordered ...Thomas Wilson be appointed Guardian ...to defend the interests of said infants ...ause. It also appearing to the court ...& Francis Layden are not residents of ...it is ordered by the Court that publi... made in the Democratic Pioneer, a ...per published in Elizabeth City, for six ...consecutively, commanding them to be ...ear at the next Term of this Court, then ...e to plead, answer or demur to this peti... otherwise this cause will be heard ex parte ...m.

...s, Thomas Wilson, Clerk of said Court ...rd, this the 19th day of March, A. D. ...Test, T. WILSON, C. C. C.
...24, 1857.—6w.

...C. DE GRATH'S ELECTRIC OIL.

...THE FRIEND OF MAN.

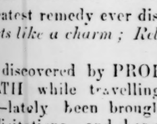
...greatest remedy ever discovered for ...dets *like a charm; Relieves in an*

...s discovered by PROF. CHAS. ...ATH while travelling in South ...—lately been brought out by ...olicitations—and has cured more ... *Rheumatism, Deafness,* Gout, ..., Lumbago, Sciatica, Spinal and ... complaints, Tic Doloreux, Head... ...s, Croup, Piles, Felons, Sprains ...ses, Cuts and Wounds, Swelled ...Stiff Joints, Scrofula, Erysipelas, ...oles, Swelled Breast, Womb Dis... ...alt Rheum, Canker in mouth and ... Palpitation, Eruptions, Cakod ...Quinsy, Sore Throat, Palsy, Pleu... ...ers, Lock Jaw, Heart Burn, Tooth ...ache, Nervousness, Costiveness, ...ore Gums of teething infants, &c., ...nd every other medicine.
...ceived and for sale at Dr. Speed's ...re.
...24th, 1857.

NOTICE.

...RSONS indebted to the estate of the ...Edmund T. Sawyer, are requested to ...ment to the undersigned without de... those having claims against said estate ... to present them to the undersigned, ...nticated, for payment, or this notice ...d in bar of their recovery
L. D. STARKE, Adm'r.
...March 17, 1857—6t

...ORGE W. BELL,



DEALER IN
...S, PISTOLS, SPORTING APPARATUS AND FINE CUTLERY,
...Street, Elizabeth City, N. C.
...ly

...RS' BANK OF NORTH CAROLINA.

...RAL meeting of the Stockholders of ...rmers' Bank of North Carolina will ...their office, in Elizabeth City, on ...ril 6, 1857.
By order of the President,
R. F. OVERMAN, Cashier.
...2ts

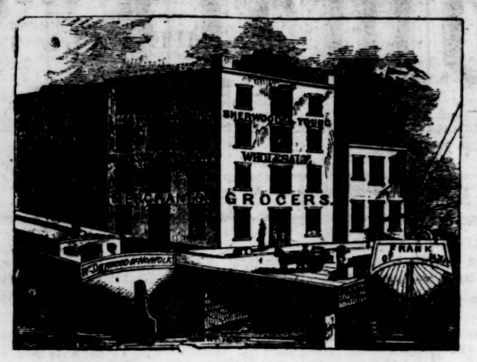
NOTICE.

...le Real Estate For Sale!

...E SOLD, on the 21st day of Febru... ...ext, at public auction, for a division, ...wn and desirable Tract of Land on ...Swamp Canal, in Camden county, ...on the late Major Farange formerly ...e sale to take place on the premises. ...known on the day of sale.
BY THE OWNERS.
...6t
...el copy.

SHERWOOD & YOUNG,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS



AND WHOLESALE GROCERS,

No. 14 ROANOKE SQUARE, NORFOLK, VA.

A CARD.

HAVING disposed of my entire stock of Goods in Nixonton to Mr. WALTER C. LOWRY, I take great pleasure in recommending him to my old customers and friends. I feel confident that Mr. Lowry will use every exertion in his power to give entire satisfaction to those who may favor him with their patronage.

My warmest thanks are due, and are hereby tendered to the citizens of Nixonton and surrounding country, for the very generous and liberal patronage bestowed on me while engaged in the Mercantile business.

R. F. OVERMAN.

E. City, March 17—3ts

$500 REWARD.

A REWARD of $500 will be paid by the subscriber for such evidence as will lead to conviction of the person that, on the morning of the 25th ult., tried to burn up his Barn by setting on fire the large quantity of wheat straw adjacent, and but for the timely discovery of the fire, would have consumated the fiendish act.

JOS. F. NEWBY.

Perquimans Co. March 3—4t

STATE MEDICAL SOCIETY.

THE eight annual meeting of the Medical Society of the State of North Carolina, will be held in the town of Edenton at 5 o'clock P. M., on Wednesday the 15th of April 1857.

Delegates, permanent members, and the profession generally are requested to attend.

W. G. THOMAS, M. D, Secretary.

March 3—td

NOTICE.

ALL persons are hereby forewarned not to credit any captain or other person whereby any vessel of mine may be bound, unless specially authorized to do so by a written order from myself, as I am determined to resist the payment of any debts contracted without my express order by every lawful means.

T. HUNTER.

E. City, N. C., March 10, 1857—4ts

☞ Norfolk Argus copy w 4 ws and send bill to this office

LUMBER ON HAND.

THE SUBSCRIBER IS AGENT FOR BENJ. Spruill's Mill, and will furnish or contract for any quantity of Pitch Pine Scantling or Plank. And will from this time keep on the wharf some 50 to 100 M feet assorted lumber at prices from 10,50 to 13,50, cash.

WM. SHANNON.

Feb. 24, 1857.

A FRESH supply of medicine just received at
mh 10 DR. SPEED'S.

JUST received Etherial Oil at
mh 10 DR. SPEED'S.

JUST received a superior article of Linseed Oil.
March 10 DR. R. K. SPEED.

JUST received, Coopers Isinglass, Shred Gillitine, and Flavoring Extracts at
March 10 DR. SPEED'S.

S. O. RICHARDSON'S Sherry Wine Bitters, Lemon Balsam, Catnip, Hoarhound, Sage, Elm and Cinnamon Bark, in papers at
March 10 DR. SPEED'S.

HOURLY expected Etherial Oil, Spirits Turpentine, a lot of fine Cutlery, and a superior article of French Brandy, Maderia Wine, and Whiskey at the Drug Store of
March 9 DR. R. K. SPEED.

Elizabeth City Seminary.

THE Trustees of this School takes pleasure in announcing, that they, have secured for the Spring session the services of Mr. J. D. Boushall and Miss Julia A. Morris as teachers. The session will open on the first Monday in March, and close on Friday the 24th of July.

Rates of Tuition:

Spelling, Reading and Writing,	$6,00
First rudiments of Gram. Arith. and Geo.	8,00
Advanced classes " " "	10.00
Philosophy, Astronomy, Rhet. and Alg.	12,00
Latin, Greek or French,	15,00
Latin and Greek,	18,00
Pellis work (extra)	$4,00
Drawing and Painting in water colors,	5,00
Pastel Painting,	10,00

No additional charge for instruction in needle work.

Those wishing to enter students can do so by applying to the teachers in their appropriate departments.

JOHN POOL, Sec'y.

Feb. 24, 1857.—5ms.

LEIGH HOUSE,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

BY MUTUAL consent, the Co-partnership heretofore existing between Messrs Berry & Riddick, in the "Leigh House," was dissolved on the 23d February last; and the LEIGH HOUSE is now, and will be, under the entire control of the subscriber, who will exert himself to give general satisfaction to all who may see proper to patronize the House.

Mr. WILIE RIDDICK, Jr., will occupy the position of Clerk to the House, and will take great pleasure in attending to any calls made upon him in his line of duty.

Mrs. ARTHUR L. JONES will have the superintendence of the Female Department of the House, which is a sure guarantee that everything belonging to that department will be kept in ample order.

The House will soon undergo extensive alterations that will add greatly to the comfort of its patrons.

JAMES F. LEE.

March 10, 1857—4t.

DR. R. K. SPEED.

DRUGGIST AND APOTHECARY,

AND DEALER IN

Paints, Oils,
Glass, Putty,
Perfumery
Fancy Articles.
Fine Cutlery,
Smoking and
Chewing Tobacco,
Segars and Superior
Wines and Liquors for Medical purposes,

ROAD STREET, ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

DR. SPEED'S office is above the Drug Store. All calls promptly attended to.

Physicians and Planter's orders promptly filled with genuine Medicines and on as reasonable terms as can be procured South of Baltimore.

mh 10

NOTICE.

MY HUSBAND, CHARLES BRAY, HAS long since run away from the State, taking with him all of the property he acquired by the marriage. Since then, by the death of two of my children, I am entitled to a distributive share in their estate. I have filed my bill for a divorce and to obtain alimony, &c., out of said fund.

All persons are cautioned against purchasing any interest that said Charles may claim in said estates, as the right thereto will be contested.

ANNETTA BRAY,
feb 3 Camden Co., N. C.

Q. What is there of interest in Town?
A. Good Ambrotypes.
Q. Is there any other?
A. Photographs and Milaneotypes.
Q. Are they good?
A. They cannot be excelled.
Q. Do they stand the test of time?
A. Yes, as long as any other kind.
Q. Can they be colored?
A. Better than a Daguerreotype.
Q. Can they be seen easier?
A. Yes, in any angle of light.
Q. Who takes the pictures?
A. BIRTH & BURGESS
Q. Where are they from?
A. Mr. BIRTH is from Washington City and Mr. BURGESS is from Elizabeth City.
Q. Where is their Gallery?
A. Over Mr. Cook's Jewelry Store.
Q. Can a picture be taken when it is cloudy?
A. Yes, in any weather.
Q. In cloudy weather are they as good as in any weather?
A. Yes, in every respect.
Q. Will we have to wait long?
A. Pictures taken at the shortest notice.
Q. Can they take likenesses of children?
A. In three seconds' notice.
Q. Are they plain to be seen?
A. Middle tints good.
Q. Can we see specimens?
A. Call at Cook's Jewelry Store.
Q. What pictures have they?
A. Distinguished gentlemen and public buildings at Washington:
Q. Can they take views?
A. Yes; of any house or farm desired?
Q. Can they take pest mortem pictures?
A. Yes; promptly attended to.
Q. Please tell me what those Melaneotypes are?
A. They are pictures taken on an iron plate, which will not break by a fall, and can be washed when soiled; be handled without the face being marred, unless by rough scratching.

We would be happy to wait on and accommodate the ladies and gentlemen of E. City.

mh 3 BIRTH & BURGESS.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

The copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers under the firm of W. T. & J. M. HINTON is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the firm will be settled at their old stand, by W. T. HINTON.

WM. T. HINTON,
JOHN M. HINTON.

March 2d, 1857.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

The undersigned have this day formed a Copartnership under the firm of HINTON & DASHIELL, and will continue the DRY GOODS Business at the old stand.

WM. T. HINTON,
LUTHER C. DASHIELL.

E. City, March 2, 1857.

$150 REWARD.

I WILL GIVE A REWARD OF ONE HUNdred dollars for the apprehension and delivery to me of my negro man LUKE TILLIT—forty years old, and a blacksmith by trade.

I will also give a reward of fifty dollars for the apprehension and delivery to me of my negro girl FANNY. She is twenty years old, and supposed to be lurking in the neighborhood of Elizabeth City.

W. N. GREGORY.

Shiloh, Camden Co., Feb. 24, 1857—tf.

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER WOULD RESPECTFULly inform his friends, and the public generally, that he has taken the favorably located and popular Hotel in Portsmouth, known as the MACON HOUSE, situated on the corner of North and Middle streets, about two hundred and fifty yards from the Seaboard and Roanoke Railroad Depot and the landing of the Baltimore Steamers.

Attached to the House is a splendid Billiard Saloon; also, spacious Bathing Houses where guests may enjoy the luxury of Salt Water Baths during the season.

The Elizabeth City Stage leaves this House every morning, except Sundays.

The subscriber pledges himself to keep the Macon House as a first class Hotel, and will observe the good old Virginia and North Carolina style of living, which is so popular with the travelling public.

FRANK HOLLADY,
feb 17—3m. Proprietor.

PLOWS!

PLOWS!!!
PLOWS!!!
PLOWS!!!!
Harrows, Cultivators,
Harrows, Cultivators,
Harrows, Cultivators,
Harrows, Cultivators,
Corn Shellers,
Corn Shellers,
Corn Shellers,
Corn Shellers,
Corn Planters, latest improved,
Corn Planters, latest improved,
Corn Planters, latest improved,
Corn Planters, latest improved.
Farmers,
Farmers,
Farmers.
Farmers and Dealers,
Farmers and Dealers,
Farmers and Dealers,
will
find
at
FARMERS' HEAD QUARTERS
A
very
large
variety

of Agricultural Implements and Farming utensils, suited to all purposes upon the plantation, farm and garden; and you will save money by coming to

BORUM & McLEAN'S,
11 Water street,
feb 3 Norfolk, Va.

TWO VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE

THE UNDERSIGNED wishing to quit the business offers at private sale, his TWO FARMS known as the "Sutton and Morrice Farms," on "Turkey Ridge" in Perquimans County, N. C.

For beauty and rich land both of the said Farms equal if not surpass any in the Eastern part of North Carolina. The part of the two Farms under cultivation is very productive and desirable to the Farmer. An opportunity of purchasing land of *such extra* quality is seldom offered. The first tract contains about SEVEN HUNDRED ACRES, the second FIVE HUNDRED and over. Both of the said Farms may be converted into one if required. They have on them two good tenements and out buildings, and convenient to two Landings for shipping. It lies in a compact body, but may be easily divided into several tracts.

All persons wishing to examine the land, are respectfully invited to call and see for themselves. The undersigned will take pleasure in riding over and showing the land.

I will offer for sale upon liberal terms of credit, provided such security as required be given.

W. A. MEBANE

Woodville, Nov. 25, 1856.

BORUM & McLEAN,

DEALERS IN

BAR AND BUNDLE IRON OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, FOR FARMING AND MANUFACTURING PURPOSES.

HORSE SHOES, NAIL RODS, AND WROUGHT NAILS and SPIKES, &c.

MANUFACTURERS OF AGRICULTURAL AND FARMING IMPLEMENTS GENERALLY.

Horse Powers, Threshing Machines, Bamborough's and other celebrated Wheat and Corn Fans, always on hand.

FRESH GARDEN AND FIELD SEEDS.

☞ Our Catalogue and Almanac is published the first of each year, and may be had, *gratis*, at our new Agricultural and Iron and Seed Depot, *No.* 11, Wilde water Street, Norfolk, Va.

NEW BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

W. P. GRIFFITH, having dissolved his connection with the firm of Vickery & Griffith, would respectfully inform the citizens of Elizabeth City and of the surrounding country, that he has opened at the store formerly occupied by the late Mr. R. C. Barclay,

The largest and best stock of Books and Stationery ever offered for sale in the City of Norfolk.

Believing that the wants and the tastes of the people required one establishment similar to those found in the large Northern cities, where a full and general assortment of Books can be obtained, the subscriber has been induced, during a recent visit to Philadelphia, New York and Boston, to purchase from the principal publishers, and at the great "Trade Sales," a superior stock of

School, Classical, Law, Medical, Theological, Religious and Miscellaneous

BOOKS.

Which will, upon examination, compare with any to be found in the Southern country.

My Stock of Foreign and American

STATIONERY.

Is very large and complete, it has been selected with great care, and embraces every article required for the School and Counting Room.

MY WHOLE STOCK IS ENTIRELY

—NEW,—

and has been bought upon the very best terms and a large portion for cash, which gives me a decided advantage over all other houses in the city, and will enable me to sell my goods at prices far below former rates.

Booksellers in this and adjacent Towns and Country Merchants, will find it greatly to their advantage to examine my stock before going North.

Colleges, Schools and Teachers, will be supplied at Northern prices.

By special arrangements with the following houses, I shall receive their new Books as they are issued from the Press, and will supply any or all of their publications at their prices:

J. B. Lippincott & Co.,	Philadelphia.
Lindsay & Blackiston,	do.
James B. Smith & Co.,	do.
T. B. Peterson,	do.
Harper & Brothers,	New York.
D. Appleton & Co.,	do.
Robert Carter & Bros.,	do.
Charles Scribner,	do.
Derby & Jackson,	do.
Little, Brown & Co.,	Boston
Phillips, Sampson & Co.,	do.
Ticknor & Fields,	do.
Crosby, Nichols & Co.,	do.
Gould & Lincoln,	do.

Orders from the Country will meet with prompt attention directed to W. P. GRIFFITH,
oct 21 Norfolk, Va.

FARMER'S HEAD QUART: :

NO. 11, WATER STREET,

NORFOLK, VA.

AGRICULTURAL IMPEMENTS,

BAR and Bundle Iron, Cart and Wagon Boxes, Springs and Axles, Anvils, Bellows Vices, Dies and Stocks, Screw Plates, Horse Shoes, Horse Nails, Chain Pumps, &c.

3000 cast iron Plows of all sizes and patterns, embracing some of the best in the country.

2000 Cultivators, with steel, wrought and cast iron Hoes.

150 Harrows, of Gedder Premium, 14 to 36 teeth, square, hinges, expanding, stationery, oval teeth, &c.

150 Corn Shellers, (box,) with 1 and 2 fly wheels, large hoppers, and well made, the best in market. Also, the Virginia Sheller, acknowledged by practical men the best in use for wear and tear; other good kinds also on hand.

100 Straw Cutters, Hovey's, Sinclair's, Taylor's, Smith's Premium, &c.

100 Corn Planters, two varieties, warranted to work well.

50 Small Seed Sowers.

50 Ox Yokes, premium at Raleigh.

50 Hand Hominy Mills, premium at Raleigh

20 Horse Rakes " " "

50 Subsoil Plows, " " "

Diplomas of the above may be seen at the Depot.

HORSE POWERS, THRESHERS,
GRIST MILLS,

and every variety of Machines for Farmers may be seen there, as well as a thousand small things useful and necessary in farming, all of which will be sold at low prices.

BORUM & McLEAN,
No. 11 Water Street.
dec 20 Norfolk, Va.

NOW IS THE TIME.

500 MANTILLAS, *EVERY* STYLE AND COLORS IN

LACE AND SILK, in prices from $2 to the finest made. This is a desirable opportunity as these goods will be sold at cost, and bargains will be given. Call soon and secure the advantages now offered.

ALSO.

The greater portion of the Stock will be offered at reduced prices. Call, every one who wishes to save 50 per cent, at the Bee Hive,

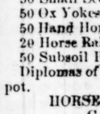
jy 29 JAS SMITH.

$300 REWARD!

A REWARD of $300 will be paid for the apprehension and delivery in jail of WM. DAVIS, CHARLES DAVIS, and WILLIAM C. DAVIS, who escaped from jail on Tuesday night last, the 25th November—or the sum of $100 will be paid for the apprehension and delivery of either one of the aforesaid Davis'.

WM. NEWBOLD,
Sheriff of Pasquotank County.
Eliz. City, Dec. 2d, 1856.

$75 REWARD.



I WILL GIVE THE ABOVE reward of $75 for the apprehension and delivery to me, or the confinement in any Jail so I get him again, of my Negro boy, PRIMUS.

Primus is tolerably well grown to his age, he is a light mulatto, has a bunchy head of hair; he has a keen black eye; he is from 14 to 15 years of age. He left me about the 16th of August, 1856. All persons are hereby warned not to harbor or employ said negro under the penalty of law,

W. A. MEBANE.

Perquimans Co., N. C., Nov. 25.

NEW CARPET WAREROOMS,

NO. 26, MAIN STREET, NORFOLK, VA.

THE subscriber takes this mode of informing his old friends and customers and the public generally, that in addition to his former business of Upholsterer and Paper Hanger, he has opened a large and splendid stock of

Velvet Tapestry, Three Ply, Tapestry Ingrain, Common Ingrain, and Venetian Carpeting, at all prices, from 18¾ cents to $2 per yard.

ALSO,

Rugs and Mats, Druggets of all widths, from 4-4 to 16-4 wide.

Door Mats of every description, Stair Linen.

And a new article of Oil Cloth for Stairs, which supercedes the use of Crash or Stair Linen, more durable and does not require washing.

OIL CLOTHS

of all widths and at all prices, for Entries, Halls, Passages, Stairways and Dining Rooms.

UPHOLSTERY AND CURTAIN GOODS

of every description, such as Silk and Worsted Damasks, Satin DeLane, Moreen, Turkey Red, &c., with Cornices, Bands and Loops, Gimp and Galoons, Cords and Tassels, &c., with a stock of Lace and Muslin Curtains that cannot be surpassed if equalled in this city.

The undersigned would also address a few words to all whom it may concern, about

PAPER HANGINGS

or Wall Paper, and begs leave to inform them that his stock was never larger, better or more varied in regard to Colors, Patterns or quality, and as to prices he is determined that they shall be satisfactory, for he has made up his mind to sell at all hazards, if purchasers can be found at any price.

W. A. WALTERS,
oc 19 No. 26 Main st., Norfolk Va.

BALTIMORE LOCK HOSPITAL.

DOCTOR JOHNSTON,

THE founder of this Celebrated Institution, offers the most certain, speedy, and only effectual remedy in the world for Gleets, Strictures, Seminal weakness, Pains in the Loins, Constitutional Debility, Impotency, Weakness of the Back and Limbs, Affections of the Kidneys, Palpitation of the Heart, Dyspepsia, Nervous Irritability, Disease of the Head, Throat, Nose or Skin; and all those serious and melancholly Disorders arising from the destructive habits of Youth, which destroy both body and mind. These secret and solitary practices are more fatal to their victims than the song of the Syrens to the mariners Ulysses, blighting their most brilliant hopes of anticipations, rendering marriage, &c., impossible.

YOUNG MEN

especially, who have become the victims of Solitary Vice, that dreadful and destructive habit, which annually sweeps to an untimely grave thousands of young men of the most exalted talents and brilliant intellects, who might otherwise have entranced listening Senates with the thunders of eloquence, or waked to ecstacy the living lyre, may call with all confidence.

Marriage.

Married persons, or Young Men contemplating marriage, being aware of physical weakness, organic debility, deformities, &c., should immediately consult Dr. Johnston, and be restored to perfect health.

He who places himself under the care of Dr. Johnston, may religiously confide in his honor as a gentleman and confidently rely upon his skill as a Physician.

Organic Weakness

immediately cured and full vigor restored.

This disease is the penalty most frequently paid by those who have become the victims of improper indulgencies. Young persons are too apt to commit excesses from not being aware of the dreadful consequences that may ensue.—Now, who that understands the subject will pretend to deny that the power of Procreation is lost sooner by those falling into improper habits than by the prudent? Besides being deprived of the pleasure of healthy offspring, the most serious and destructive symptoms to both body and mind arise. The system becomes deranged; the physical and mental powers weakened, nervous debility, dyspepsia, palpitation of the heart, indigestion, a wasting of the frame, cough, symptoms of consumption, &c.

OFFICE—No. 7, South Frederick Street, Seven Doors from Baltimore St., East side, up the steps. ☞ Be particular in observing the name and number, or you will mistake the place.

A Cure Warranted, or no Charge Made, in from One to Two Days.

NO MERCURY OR NAUSEOUS DRUGS USED.

DR. JOHNSTON,

Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London, Graduate from one of the most eminent Colleges of the United States, and the greater part of whose life has been spent in the Hospitals of London, Paris, Philadelphia, and elsewhere, has effected some of the most astonishing cures that were ever known. Many troubled with ringing in the ears and head when asleep, great nervousness, being alarmed at sudden sounds, and bashfulness, with frequent blushing, attended, sometimes, with derangement of mind, were cured immediately.

A Certain Disease.

When the misguided and imprudent votary of pleasure finds he has imbibed the seeds of this painful disease, it too often happens that an ill-timed sense of shame, or dread of discovery, deters him from applying to those who from education and respectability, can alone befriend him, delaying till the constitutional symptoms of this horrid disease make their appearance, such as ulcerated sore throat, diseased nose nocturnal pains in the head and limbs, dimness of sight, deafness, nodes on the shin bones and arms, blotches on the head, face and extremities, progressing with frightful rapidity, till at last the palate of the mouth or the bones of the nose fall in, and the victim of this awful disease becomes a horrid object of commiseration, till death puts a period to his dreadful sufferings, by sending him to 'that bourne from whence no traveler returns.' To such therefore Dr. Johnston pledges himself to preserve the most inviolable secrecy, and from his extensive practice in the first Hospitals of Europe and America, he can confidently recommend a safe and speedy cure to the unfortunate victim of this horrid disease.

It is a melancholy fact, that thousands fall victims to this dreadful disease, owing to the unskillfulness of ignorant pretenders, who, by the use of that dreadful poison, mercury, ruin the constitution, and either send the unfortunate sufferer to an untimely grave, or else make the residue of his life miserable.

Take Particular Notice!

Dr. J. addresses all those who have injured themselves by improper indulgencies and solitary habits which ruin both body and mind, unfitting them for either Business, Study, Society or Marriage.

These are some of the sad and melancholy effects produced by early habits of youth, viz:—Weakness of the Back and Limbs, Pains in the Head, Dimness of Sight, Loss of Muscular Power, Palpitation of the Heart, Dyspepsia, Nervous Irritability, Derangement of the Digestive Functions, General Debility, Symptoms of Consumption, &c.

MENTALLY.—The fearful effects upon the mind are much to be dreaded; loss of memory, Confusion of ideas, Depression of Spirits, Forebodings of Evil, Aversion of Society, Self-Distrust, Love of Solitude, Timidity, etc., are some of the evils produced.

Thousands of persons of all ages can now judge what is the cause of their declining health. Losing their vigor, becoming weak, pale and emaciated, having a singular appearance about the eyes, cough, and symptoms of consumption.

Dr. Johnston's Invigorating Remedy for Organic Weakness.

By this great and important remedy, weakness of the organs are speedily cured, and full vigor restored. Thousands of the most nervous and debilitated, who had lost all hope, have been immediately relieved. All Impediments to Marriage, Physical or Mental Disqualification, Nervous Irritability, Tremblings and Weakness, or exhaustion of the most fearful kind, speedily cured by Doctor Johnston.

Young Men,

Who have injured themselves by a Certain Practice, indulged in when alone—a habit frequently learned from evil companions, or at school—the effects of which are nightly felt, even when asleep, and if not cured renders marriage impossible, and destroys both mind and body, should apply immediately.

What a pity that a young man, the hope of his country, and the darling of his parents, should be attached from all prospects and enjoyments of life, by the consequences of deviating from the path of nature, and indulging in a certain secret habit. Such persons before contemplating

Marriage,

should reflect that a sound mind and body are the most necessary requisites to promote connubial happiness. Indeed, without these, the journey through life becomes a weary pilgrimage, the prospects hourly darkens to the view; the mind becomes shadowed with despair and filled with the melancholy reflection that the happiness of another becomes blighted with our own.

OFFICE No. 7 SOUTH FREDERICK ST. *Baltimore, Md.*

ALL SURGICAL OPERATIONS PERFORMED.

N. B.—Let no false modesty prevent you, but apply immediately either personally or by letter.

☞ Skin diseases speedily cured.

To Strangers.

The many thousands cured at this institution within the last 16 years, and the numerous important Surgical operations performed by Dr. J., witnessed by the Reporters of the papers and many other persons, notices of which appeared again and again before the public, is a sufficient guarantee that the afflicted will find a skilful and honorable physician.

DR. JOHNSTON is the only regular Physician advertising to cure private complaints.—His remedies and treatment are entirely unknown to others. Prepared from a life spent in the great hospitals of Europe and the first in this country, viz: England, France, the Blockley of Philadelphia, &c., and a more extensive practice than any other Physician in the world. His many wonderful cures and most important Surgical operations are a sufficient guarantee to the afflicted. Those who wish to be speedily and effectually relieved, should shun the numerous trifling impostors, who only ruin their health, and apply to him.

Take Notice.

☞ There are so many ignorant and worthless Quacks advertising themselves as Physicians, ruining the health of the already afflicted, that Dr. Johnston deems it necessary to say, especially to those unacquainted with his reputation, that his credentials or diplomas always hang in his office.

☞ No letters received unless post-paid, and containing a stamp to use on the reply.

Jan. 6, 1857.

BUSINESS CARDS.

DANIEL STIRN. AUGUST STIRN

STIRN BROTHERS,

Manufacturers of Grand and Square Pianos,

No. 109, Camden street,

opposite the B. & O. R. R. Depot, Baltimore, Md.

☞ Refer to J. C. Ehringhaus, George A. Williams, Esqrs., and Mr. Saratorious.

☞ Orders from the country promptly attended to. 1yp

WM. SIMMONS. D. D. SIMMONS

D. D. SIMMONS & BRO.,

GENERAL COMMISSION & FORWARDING MERCHANTS,

NORFOLK, VA.

CHARLES E. LOWTHER,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW

GATESVILLE, N. C.

WILL attend all the Courts of Gates, Hertford, Chowan, Perquimans and Pasquotank counties.

Business in either of the above counties punctually attended to. jan 24

W. GEORGE GRANBERY,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

HAVING removed to Currituck County, will attend all the Courts of Perquimans, Pasquotank, Camden and Currituck Counties. All business entrusted to his hands will receive prompt attention.

☞ Office at Currituck Court-house.

dec 11—1y

THOMAS H. GILLIAM,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW

HERTFORD, PERQUIMANS CO., N. C.

WILL attend the Courts of Perquimans, Chowan and Pasquotank counties.

March 3, 1857—3ms.

A. A. GWALTNEY & CO.,

Wholesale Furniture and Piano Forte Dealers,

NORFOLK, VA.

Will keep constantly on hand a large assortment of Furniture and Piano Fortes, French, German and American; Plate Mirrors, Portrait Frames, &c.

aug 12—1y

E. P. TABB & CO.,

NORFOLK, VA.,

HAVE removed their stock of *HARDWARE, CUTLERY, GUNS, GRATES, BLACKSMITH & CARPENTERS' TOOLS, CASTINGS, &c.*, &c., to the store formerly occupied by Messrs. Paul, Pegram & Co., and recently by Messrs. Herman & Co., East corner of Market square and Main street, where they will be pleased to see their old friends and customers. Their stock will present to country merchants inducements which will not fail to be appreciated.

sep 23—15t

J. H. WHITEHURST'S

ELECTRO-DAGUERREOTYPES.

GALLERIES.

207 Baltimore Street, Baltimore.
77 Main Street, Richmond, Va.
Main Street, Norfolk, Va.
Sycamore Street, Petersburg, Va.
Sycamore Street, Lynchburg, Va.

☞ Likenesses taken beautifully well in all weather. aug 6

F. W. SEABURY,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

BOOTS, SHOES, TRUNKS, LEATHER, &c, &c, &c.

No. 13 Market Square,
Norfolk, Va.

KEEPS constantly on hand an extensive assortment of goods. The front store being appropriated for Ladies,' Misses' and Children's fine retail Shoes; the centre for Trunks, Valises, and Carpet Bags; the back store for Plantation Boots and Brogues; the upper stories for wholesale goods, Leather, and the Boot and Shoe Manufactory.

N. B. Particular attention paid to keeping good qualities Plantation Boots and Brogans in great variety. aug 31

HARDWARE

SOUTHERN IMPORTING ESTABLISHMENT.

ALLYN, ROSE & CAPPS,

Head of the Square, Sign of the Saw.

ASK the attention of merchants of Virginia and North Carolina to their large and selected stock of HARDWARE, imported directly from Europe, and purchased from the most extensive manufacturers in this country, upon as reasonable terms as similar goods can be purchased in the Northern or Eastern cities, and better adapted to the wants of the Southern public. Norfolk, Sept 23

ELEGANT CABINET WARE,

FURNITURE &c.

T. F. PARR, & Co., at the old-established stand of Caleb Sykes, have now on hand a varied assortment of elegant Furniture, such as Sofas, Chairs, Tables, Wardrobes, Sideboards, &c., &c., which they offer to the public on such terms as cannot fail to give entire satisfaction. They are also prepared to *manufacture* any and every article of

FURNITURE

that may be called for, at the shortest notice, of the best material, and in the most workmanlike manner. Call and give us your orders.

We also keep constantly on hand a large assortment of

METALLIC COFFINS,

of all sizes. We will also furnish Mahogany, Walnut or other Coffins to order. And having procured a new and elegant HEARSE, we are prepared to carry on the UNDERTAKING business in all its branches.

Thankful for the liberal patronage hitherto bestowed, we respectfully solicit a continuance of the same, assuring the public that no effort will be spared on our part to give entire satisfaction.

nov 14 T. F. PARR

NEW TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT IN ELIZABETH CITY!

THE SUBSCRIBER HAVING PERMAnently located in Elizabeth City, for the purpose of carrying on the *TAILORING BUSINESS* in all its branches, solicits the patronage of this public. He will keep on hand a small stock of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, &c.

☞ Shop on the water, in the house formerly occupied by Dr. Gregory.

Dec. 9—1y. HENRY SCHLENK.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber having established himself at Little River Bridge, near Woodville, N. C., is prepared to make up all kinds of Cabinet Furniture to order, and to do every description of repairing, at the shortest notice and on the most agreeable terms.

He has on hand a large supply of Mahogany, Cherry, Poplar, Walnut and other materials for making Coffins. Also, a fine selection of Metalic Coffins. A neat hearse, gentle horse and careful driver, will be furnished when desired.

CALEB SIKES

May 1 1855—tf.

MILLINERY, &C,

At Woodville, Perquimans Co., N. C.

THE Subscriber has just received from the North a superb stock of Millinery, consisting of Bonnets, Trimmings, Laces, Ribbons, &c., to which she invites the attention of the ladies of this and the adjoining counties. Her prices are moderate—at least one-half less than the usual profits—and her goods cannot be surpassed in the District. She is desirous to close out her Spring Fashions as early as possible, and therefore offers great bargains. Call early and examine for yourselves.

MRS. E SIKES.

WOODVILLE, May 1 '56. tf

New Watch Making Establishment.

THE UNDERSIGNED INTENDING to make Elizabeth City their permanent residence, are prepared to repair Watches and Clocks of any description, and will do every thing in their power to give satisfaction. Work done with the greatest despatch and warranted. JEWELRY mended in a substantial, durable and elegant manner. Ladies and gentlemen are requested to give them a trial. A share of public patronage will be thankfully received. Please to call at the store formerly occupied by Col. Cook, dec'd.

W. GEORGE SARTORIUS & BRO.

E. City, Oct. 14, 1856.

RANAWAY

FROM THE SUBSCRIBER ON THE NIGHT of the 9th inst., GIRL Charlotte, who has a mother in E. City, by the name of Fanny Lawrence; suppose she is lurking about there. I hereby forewarn all persons from harboring said girl under the penalty of the law, and will give for her apprehension and delivery to me at this

POETS' CORNER.

WOMAN.

Proud man may climb ambition's height,
And seek to win the meed of fame;
Yes, he may feel his heart beat right
When glory beams around his name;
But not for these does woman seek.
Far humbler her ambition's sheen,
At home she reigns a sovereign meek—
A woman lives to love alone.

Still in her daily duty moves,
With thoughtful brow and steadfast mind
She proves her faith in him she loves,
By gentle smiles and accent kind;
The praise of one dear voice alone
Is all she claims—withhold it not,
Oh, ye to whom her heart hath flown,
For 'tis the sun that lights her lot.

If cold neglect or anger strange
Should prove her portion, yet the ray
Of her pure love will never change,
Though hope, and health, and bliss decay.
By patient smiles and kinder tone
The truant gently she recalls;
Or, if perchance, reproach is shown,
'Tis in the tear that silent falls.

Woman hath faults and weakness too;
But, stronger man, oh! blame them not;
Believe me, her affection true
Thro' changeful life shall cheer thy lot.
Home ties, home love let none disdain;
More dear than wealth or fame could prove,
They o'er the heart triumphant reign,
And all are blest in woman's love.

Sign of the Circular Saw.

ALLYN, ROSE & CAPPS

HEAD OF MARKET SQUARE.

ARE OPENING their importation, *Birmingham manufacture*, a beautiful assortment of House Keeping Articles, such as

Coffee and Tea Pots, Octagon style,
Patent Coffee Pots with Steamers, Chafing Dishes,
Waiters in sets and dozens, Sauce Pans,
Porcelain lined Planished Covers,
Old English style Grid Irons, fluted bars,
All Brass Fenders, Polished Steel Shovel and Tongs, in sets or pairs,
Tin lined Copper Tea Kettles.

HEAVY GOODS.

Trace, Log and Back Band Chains,
Elwell's Weeding, Hilling and Grubbing Hoes
Spades, Shovels and Forks, Cut, Wrought and Horse Shoe Nails.
Anvils, Vices, Bellows, Mill, Circular Saws Cross Cut Saws.
Stocks and Dies, Hammers, Screw Plates.

STRAW CUTTERS.

SINCLAIR'S SCREW PROPELLER Straw Cutters. Price $30. Cut Straw, Shucks, Fodder, Oats and all kinds of feed for stock, in the best manner.

Also our new Straw Cutters, with 1 knife very simple, and cuts all kind of food.

Harvey's Raw hide Cutter, Smith's Virginia do.
Boston cheap. " " Daniel's Patent do
all for sale at Factory prices.

Wheat and Corn Fans, all sizes and kinds, and prices to suit.

BORUM & McLEAN,
Farmer's Head Quarters,
aug 1 No. 11, Main st., Norfolk, Va

IRON, STEEL, &c.

10 TONS Plow Share Iron, from 7 to 12 inch wide; 10 tons Plow Bars from 1½ to 2 inches wide by ¾ and one inch thick
25 tons Swedes Iron, from 1½ to 6 inches wide
50 tons American Refined Iron, from 1½ to 5½ round and square—and from 1 to 6 inches wide
40 tons English Iron, round, square and flat
Bands, Hoops, Ovals, half ovals half round, &c.
Round Square, Octagon, Flat Casted
German Spring and Blister Steel
Nail Rods, Horse Shoe Iron and Plow plates, cut in shape for Dagon plows, 7, 8, 9 and 10 inches wide
Cast Backs and Tool Irons, Hand and Sledge Hammers
Stock and Dies, Bellows, Anvils, Vices, &c.
For sale on accommodating terms, by
fe 17 S. MARCH.

CLOAKS AND SHAWLS,

AT 50 PER CENT. LESS THAN THE USUAL PRICE.

PRINTED and Plaid French Merino, to be sold at reduced prices to close them out.
English Merinoes, Alpacas, &c, from 12½ cts. to the best quality.
11-4 yard wide Cottons, for 12½ cents per yard.

—ALSO—

A good assortment of all widths at a bargain. Call early at the Bee Hive, 33 Main street, Norfolk, Va. JAS. SMITH,
feb 16 Proprietor.

TO THE FISHERMEN AND SHIP BUILDERS OF NORTH CAROLINA.

WE OFFER to the Fishermen a superior article of *Seine Twine, Ropes and Cords*.

Also to Ship Builders and Owners of Vessels, Spikes, Oakum, Cordage, Anchors, Chains Cotton Duck, Paints and Oils, and are prepared to furnish estimates for outfits of vessels, when the draught is furnished.

BOYLE & IRWIN,
aug 19—1y Norfolk, Va.

☞ Sentinel copy and send bill to this office.

BOOT AND SHOE STORE
AT THE WATER.

THE subscriber has just opened at the store lately occupied by W. B. Burgess esq., on water street, a large assortment of Ladies', Gentlemen's, Misses' Boots and Children's Boots, Shoes and Gaiters of every description.

Also, a large lot of Silk and Wool Hats, Buffalo Robes, Trunks, Carpet-Bags and Umbrellas. The public are invited to call and examine his stock.

Oct. 21, 1856. T. D. KNOX.

FARMING MACHINES.

I have in store, and am constantly manufacturing, at my works on Nicholson street, all sorts of Farming Tools, among which can be found Horse Powers, Threshers, Fan Mills, Corn Shellers, Straw Cutters, Hominy Mills, Garden Engines, Corn and Cob Crushers, Corn Planters Vegetable Cutters, Road Scrapers, for removing hills, ditch banks, &c. Grain Cradles, Charcoal Cardisons, Chain Pumps, Hog Troughs, Sausage Cutters, and Stuffers; Grind Stones, Ox Yokes, Ox Chains, Tray Barrows, Garden Barrows, Grave Barrows, and wheel Barrows, and best of all, the largest, best assortment, and the very best one, two, three and four horse Plows, to be found in any establishment in the Union—Harrows, Cultivators, Devils, Shuckers, and every other implement in that line, of every conceivable shape and pattern, all of which I offer on the most pleasing terms. Call and see for yourself, or send your orders to.

SETH MARCH.

Norfolk, July 29, 1856.

FAN MILLS.

FARMERS ARE YOU IN WANT OF FAN Mill that will separate from your Wheat all impurities, say Cockle, Garlic, Cheat, &c., and make it perfectly clean for market, or for Seed? If so, send an order to Farmers' Head Quarters, and procure one of Montgomery's Rockaway Fans, said by those who have tried them to be the best in use—Price $31. We have also on hand Bamborough's Fans, (have taken 54 Premiums.) Sinclair's Fans, Grant's do., Clinton's do., ranging in price from $13 to $35. All can be suited in price and quality.

BORUM & McLEAN,
No. 11, Water street.

FROM FRANCE.

The largest assortment of Counterpanes, all sizes, of entirely new patterns, which will be sold cheap. Prices running from $3,50 to $10. The Bee Hive is the place.

JAMES SMITH,
mh 25 33 Main street Norfolk.

IN STORE AND FOR SALE,

A LARGE stock of Dry Goods, Groceries, Provisions, Crockery, Wood, Tin and Hollow Ware, &c., wholesale and retail.

☞ Produce bought and sold.

T. GASKINS,
County Wharf, near the Market House.
E. City, Nov. 18—tf

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

THE proprietor of the Union Street Depot, would respectfully announce to the citizens of Elizabeth City and the surrounding country, that he has just returned from the North with the largest, most beautiful, and complete assortment of Spring and Summer Goods, in his line, ever exhibited in the city of Norfolk; and his intention is to sell them as cheap as can be purchased elsewhere.

Having obtained these goods in person, and knowing the wants of the people, he flatters himself that he can suit them better at the Depot than they can be at any other establishment in the Union. Below we enumerate a few articles of the large assortment of goods that can be found at the Depot:

Toilet Setts, new and beautiful patterns, from $3 50 to $16.
Foot Tubs, Bathing Tubs, Children's Bath Tubs, Hip Baths, Sponge Baths, with and without showers,
Water Coolers, metal and wood.
Waterman's Refrigerators, Water Cans,
Freezers and Tubs, patent and plain,
Basins and Pitchers, Chamber Pails, Ice Picks,
Wooden Tubs and Buckets, Wash Boards,
Lemon Squeezers, Butter Prints, Ice Pitchers,
Beefsteak Mallets, Ice Mallets, Bell Dusters,
Cocoa Nut Dippers, Cash Boxes, Glass Drainers
Preserving Kettles, Perforated Knife Baskets,
Furnaces, Block Tin Tea Kettles,
Tea and Coffee Pots, Patent Self-sealing Cans,
Waiters of various sizes and patterns,
Calendars, Bill Head Cases and Post Boxes, for Counting Rooms and Stores,

Roofing, Guttering and Spouting, done at the shortest notice, of the best materials, and warranted in all cases.

Workmen sent to any part of Virginia or N. Carolina to execute work and it warranted.

Copper work done at the shortest notice. Having two superior workmen, he flatters himself that he can turn out as good a piece of work as any house north or south.

Also, in store, a large lot of Tin Plate, Pig Tin, Lead Pipe, Street Lead, Copper, Spelter Solder, &c

CAMPHENE and ETHERIAL OIL, always to be had cheap by the gallon or barrel.

J. R. SMALL & CO.,
House Furnishing, Tin, Copper, and Stove
my 6 Depot, No. 6 Union Street, Norfolk, Va

HORSE-POWERS, THRESHING MACHINES, &c.

FARMERS wanting Horse-Powers and Threshing Machines, can obtain the most reliable and durable kinds in the country at Farmers' Head Quarters. Our arrangement with the manufacturers, enables us to sell at their prices, which we obligate ourselves to do. We have on hand 4 or 5 different sizes and kinds of Horse-Powers, and request those in want to call and examine. Our sales of such machines have averaged thirty per season, for five years past, and the general satisfaction given to the purchasers of them, induce us to think that there are no better in the world. We are prepared to give any information as to setting them up—having cuts showing the different parts. We have constantly on hand the following kinds:

Sinclair's No. 1 bevel geared Horse Power, made expressly for four mules, having only two leavers—price, $100.

Sinclair's No. 2, spur geared Horse Power, for 4 to 6 mules, very strong and durable—$100.

Sinclair's No 2, bevel gvared, segmented Horse Power, for the capacity of 6 to 8 mules—$125.

Eddy's Horse Powers—$100.

Whitman's Railway Horse Powers, single and double.

THRESHING MACHINES wrought iron cylinders, with either straight or spiral beaters—the latter a recent improvement—20, 25 and 30 inch cylinders, from $45 to $70 each Straw Carriers, 15 to $30 extra. Leather Bands to suit 40 or 60 feet long, 35c. per ft., best quality.

Full sets, say Horse Power, Thresher and Belt, at 158 $225.

Call and examine the different kinds. Catalogues with cuts furnished upon application.

BORUM & McLEAN,
Farmer's Headquarters,
Norfolk Va. July 1st. 11 Wide Water St.

THE DEPOT OF
IRON, AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, AND FARMING TOOLS.

IS now being filled with all kinds of Goods in this line, selected recently by one of the proprietors from the largest establishments North and East.

Of IRON, our stock comprises all kinds and sizes suited to the wants of Coachmakers, Blacksmiths, Ship-Builders, and for farm work generally. The quality of it we warrant good. Nails, Spikes, Carriages Springs and Axles, Bolts, &c.

OF IMPLEMENTS,

our stock exceeds any thing ever seen in Virginia, and equals many at the North. We intend to keep everything in the line useful to farmers, and we think that the wants of all can be supplied at short notice. Our arrangements for manufacturing more extensively are nearly completed, and we shall be able to furnish a large majority of Implements of our own make, (warranted of the best materials) at satisfactory prices.

All new machines worthy of notice will be received at the Depot by the EXPRESS LINE, and we desire that the farmers of Virginia and North Carolina shall make the Depot their Headquarters when visiting the city. We ask an examination of our stock, whether in want or not.

☞ We are agents for the 'American Farmer,' published in Baltimore, and will receive subscribers to that valuable Agricultural Journal, issued monthly, at ONE DOLLAR per an.

BORUM & McLEAN,
Manufacturers and Dealers,
No. 11 Wide water Street
aug 29 Norfolk, Va

TIN WARE
AND
SHEET IRON ESTABLISHMENT.

I WOULD RESPECTFULLY CALL THE attention of the citizens of Elizabeth City and surrounding country, to the fact, that I have located myself in this place, for the purpose of carrying on the

TIN AND SHEET IRON

usiness in its various branches and forms.—being a practical workman, I flatter myself that any work I may be favored with will prove perfectly satisfactory.

I shall keep constantly on hand Coffee Pots Buckets, Pans, Cups, Ice Cream Freezers and in fact every thing generally kept in an establishment of the kind

Bathing apparatus of every description made to order.

Roofing, Guttering and Spouting done in the best and most substantial manner, on reasonable terms.

Old Copper, Brass, Pewter and Lead bought or taken in exchange for new work.

Store on Road street, next to the Boot and Shoe Store of Messrs. Knox & Jackson.

my 10—tf THOS. J. MISKELL.

PAPER HANGING, UPHOLSTERY, AND CARPET WAREHOUSE.

WM. A. WALTERS is now receiving his FALL STOCK OF GOODS—the largest and handsomest assortment ever offered in this city—viz:

PAPER HANGINGS.

Gilt, Velvet, Satin, Oak, Marble, and Common Papers, at all prices. Also, Curtain Papers, Borders, Screens, &c.

CURTAIN GOODS.

Satin De Laines, worsted Damasks, Turkey Red, Lace and muslin Curtains, Gimps, Tassels, Loops, Gilt Cornices, and Curtain Bands.

WINDOW SHADES,

Of every style and at all prices—Gold, Landscape, Flowered and Plain Shades, with Trimmings to match.

CARPETS, OIL-CLOTHS and *MATTINGS.*

Velvet, tapestry three-ply, superfine, ingrain, venetian and common Carpets; Rugs, Mats and Stair Rods; table and floor Oil Cloths, of all widths; Canton and Cocoa Mattings. Also, many other articles too numerous to mention—all of which he offers at the lowest prices. Call at No. 26, Main street, Norfolk.

WM. A. WALTERS,
Upholsterer and Paper Hanger.

N. B.—All work in his line executed in the best manner by practical workmen.

sep 23 W. A. W.

HOUSE CARPENTERS.
ALLYN, ROSE & CAPPS,

HAVE just received a sample lot of very superior full-size Planes, from a new maker—celebrated for their superiority of finish as well as size and weight. Consisting of the following:

Bench Planes, Box Wood do., Match do.,
Hollows and Rounds do., Double Box Wood Smooth do.

With many other patterns of Planes, and a large variety of **General House Carpenters Hardware.**

Call and see us. dec 18

NEW
BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

W. P. GRIFFITH, having dissolved his connection with the firm of Vickery & Griffith, would respectfully inform the citizens of Elizabeth City and of the surrounding country, that he has opened at the store formerly occupied by the late Mr. R. C. Barclay,

The largest and best stock of Books and Stationery ever offered for sale in the City of Norfolk.

Believing that the wants and the tastes of the people required one establishment similar to those found in the large Northern cities, where a full and general assortment of Books can be obtained, the subscriber has been induced, during a recent visit to Philadelphia, New York and Boston, to purchase from the principal publishers, and at the great "Trade Sales," a superior stock of

School, Classical, Law, Medical, Theological, Religious and Miscellaneous

BOOKS.

Which will, upon examination, compare with any to be found in the Southern country.

My Stock of Foreign and American

STATIONERY.

Is very large and complete, it has been selected with great care, and embraces every article required for the School and Counting Room.

MY WHOLE STOCK IS ENTIRELY

—NEW,—

and has been bought upon the very best terms and a large portion for cash, which gives me a decided advantage over all other houses in the city, and will enable me to sell my goods at prices far below former rates.

Booksellers in this and adjacent Towns and Country Merchants, will find it greatly to their advantage to examine my stock before going North.

Colleges, Schools and Teachers, will be supplied at Northern prices.

By special arrangements with the following houses, I shall receive their new Books as they are issued from the Press, and will supply any or all of their publications at their prices:

J. B. Lippincott & Co., Philadelphia.
Lindsay & Blackiston, do.
James B. Smith & Co., do.
T. B. Peterson, do.
Harper & Brothers, New York.
D. Appleton & Co., do.
Robert Carter & Bros., do.
Charles Scribner, do.
Derby & Jackson, do.
Little, Brown & Co., Boston
Phillips, Sampson & Co., do.
Ticknor & Fields, do.
Crosby, Nichols & Co., do.
Gould & Lincoln, do.

Orders from the Country will meet with prompt attention directed to W. P. GRIFFITH,
oct 21 Norfolk, Va.

FARMER'S HEAD QUARTERS
NO. 11, WATER STREET,
NORFOLK, VA.

AGRICULTURAL IMPEMENTS,

BAR and Bundle Iron, Cart and Wagon Boxes, Springs and Axles, Anvils, Bellows Vices, Dies and Stocks, Screw Plates, Horse Shoes, Horse Nails, Chain Pumps, &c.

3000 cast iron Plows of all sizes and patterns, embracing some of the best in the country.

2000 Cultivators, with steel, wrought and cast iron Hoes.

150 Harrows, of Gedder Premium, 14 to 36 teeth, square, hinges, expanding, stationary, oval teeth, &c.

150 Corn Shellers, (box,) with 1 and 2 fly wheels, large hoppers, and well made, the best in market. Also, the Virginia Sheller, acknowledged by practical men the best in use for wear and tear; other good kinds also on hand.

100 Straw Cutters, Hovey's, Sinclair's, Taylor's, Smith's Premium, &c.

100 Corn Planters, two varieties, warranted to work well.

50 Small Seed Sowers.
50 Ox Yokes, premium at Raleigh.
50 Hand Hominy Mills, premium at Raleigh
20 Horse Rakes " " "
50 Subsoil Plows, " " "

Diplomas of the above may be seen at the Depot.

HORSE POWERS, THRESHERS, GRIST MILLS,

and every variety of Machines for Farmers may be seen there, as well as a thousand small things useful and necessary in farming, all of which will be sold at low prices.

BORUM & McLEAN,
No. 11 Water Street.
dec 20 Norfolk, Va.

'YOUNG AMERICA'
CORN AND COB MILL,
MANUFACTURED BY
S. MARCH, Norfolk, Va.

THE above Mill, which so far surpassed all others last season, has been improved, and made stronger and better than ever, and is now in the field carrying everything before it. It is the mill for strength, durability and swiftness.

I annex a list of premiums it has received this season, over the 'Little Giant,' 'Magic Mill,' Star Mill, Maynard's Mill, and all others that have come into competition with it:

First premium at the N. York State Fair.
First premium at the Ohio State Fair.
First premium at the Michigan State Fair.
First premium at the N. Carolina State Fair.
First premium at the Nashville (Tenn.) Fair.
First premium at one County Fair in N. York.
First premium at ten County Fairs in Ohio.
Trial of corn and cob mills at the North Carolina State Fair, October 1856.

The following table will show the time occupied by each of the Mills on exhibition in grinding half bushel of corn and cobs:

Young America, 2 minutes and 40 seconds.
Little Giant, 4 " 55 "
Magic Mill, 6 " "
Sinclair & Co's Mill, two trials, average time, 6 minutes and 58 seconds.

Advantages of the Young America or Excelsior Mill over all others: 1st, great strength and durability; 2d, simplicity, (having but one set screw to graduate the quality of grinding, which renders it so simple that it may be managed by any ordinary farm hand;) 3d, it will grind more corn, or corn and cob, in the same time, and of same quality, than any other mill in use of the same size; 4th, economy—that part of the mill which is most liable to wear, being separate from the main body of the machine, can be renewed when worn out, at the small cost of $3. Thus in the Young America or Excelsior mill, I present the best, cheapest and most durable mill ever offered to the Farmer. This mill is of large size and greater capacity than any other mill ever sold at the same price,

Price, including extra plates, $50.

I am also manufacturing Cart and Wagon Wheels, Farm Wagons, Carts, Trucks, Drays, Plows, Harrows, Cultivators, Corn Shellers, and Agricultural Implements generally and am better prepared to furnish farmers and merchants than any other house in the city.

Call and examine my stock and be convinced that it is to your interest to patronize Southern enterprize. I am unwilling to believe that all the men in Virginia and North Carolina prefer to build up the North and impoverish the South.

I have also a Foundry connected with my factory, and solicit orders for Castings generally

S. MARCH,
dec 9 Norfolk, Va.

NOW IS THE TIME.

500 MANTILLAS, EVERY STYLE AND COLOR IN

LACE AND SILK, in prices from $2 to the finest made. This is a desirable opportunity as these goods will be sold at cost, and bargains will be given. Call soon and secure the advantages now offered.

ALSO,

The greater portion of the Stock will be offered at reduced prices. Call, every one who wishes to save 50 per cent, at the Bee Hive,
jy 29 JAS SMITH.

4,180 ACRES OF
VALUABLE LAND FOR SALE,
In the counties of Norfolk, Princess Anne, Augusta, Albemarle, Hanover and King William, Va., and in Currituck, N. C.

COMPRISING ten valuable FARMS, each with an excellent Dwelling, Out Buildings,
For further particulars apply to
J. B. DEY,
Commission Merchant and real estate Agent,
No. 17, Wide Water St., Norfolk
aug 26 and Ocean House, Portsmouth

NOTICE.—WILL BE SOLD ON THE 24TH inst., the Sloop MARY EMMA, of East River, Va., and her cargo, consisting of Brick, Shingles and Lime. The sloop came on the beach on the 3d inst., one mile to the North of Nag's Head Hotel. She had no person on board.

SOL. A. BAUM, Com.
fe 10 District No. 4, N. C.

IRON, STEEL, AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY, &c.

THE subscriber offers for sale, at his Depot, No. 13, Water Street,

100 tons American, English and Swedes Iron from ¾ to 12 inches wide and from ½ to 4 inches round and square.
10 tons Oval half Oval and half round.
5 do Hoops, Screws and Bands.
5 do American and Eng. Blister, German, Spring.
Bellows, Anvils, Vices, Stocks and Dies, hand and sledge Hammers, Borax, Cast Back and two Irons, Files, Rasps, Axes, Hatchets, Wedges, Grubbing, Hilling and Weeding Hoes, Spades, Shovels, Forks, Rakes, &c.
150 kegs Cut Nails, assorted sizes.
50 do Wrought Spikes from 3 to 10 inches.
Trace Chains, Whiffle Trees, Ox Chains, Ox Yokes, Yoke Irons, Bows and Pins.

PLOWS.

For one, two, three and four horses, embracing the largest variety, and greatest assortment, North or South. 50 tons Plow Castings, embracing Mould Boards, Land Sides and Shares to suit, with a very large stock of the following goods, Harrows, Cultivators, Drills, Corn Shellers, Straw Cutters, Hominy Mills, Corn and Cob Crushers, Corn Planters, Seed Sowers, Hay Presses, Wheat Thrashers, Horse Powers, Field Rollers, Coopers Lime and Guano Spreaders, Carts, Waggons, Drays, Wheel and Garden Barrows, Carriage and Waggon Boxes, Horse Shoes, &c., with every other implement that can be desired of the best conducted Farm.

For premium Plows, Harrows, Cultivators, Straw Cutters, and all other reliable goods, send your orders to have them filled—promptly, and at low prices, to
nov 25 S. MARCH.

NORTH CAROLINA
AGRICULTURAL STORE
AND
MACHINE MANUFACTORY,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAVING ENLARGED his Manufactory and opened a regular

AGRICULTURAL STORE,

is now prepared to fill all orders in his line at the shortest notice and on accommodating terms Such as

Horse-Powers, different sizes,
Corn Shellers, different sizes and patterns,
Wheat Threshers, different kind and sizes,
Wheat and Corn Fans,
Corn Planters,
Plough and Plough Castings,
Cultivators, Hoes, Scythes and Cradles,
Reap-hooks, Spades, Shovels,
Manure Forks, Axes,
Trace and Log Chains, Hames,
Oat and Straw Cutters, various patterns,
Grind-Stones, Hinges,
Nails, Screws, &c., &c. Also,

CARPENTER'S TOOLS.

Farmers in want of any of the above articles will do well to give me a call.

Repairing promptly and faithfully attended to Orders per mail will meet with strict attention. W. H. CLARK.
ap 19

SCOTT'S LITTLE GIANT PATENT
CORN AND COB MILL,
PATENTED MAY 16TH, 1854.

THE attention of Planters, Farmers, and Stock-feeders in general, is respectfully called to this Mill as the most important article of the kind now in use; not only well adapted for grinding Cob Meal for Stock, but Grits for the table, and especially Bread Meal from corn not fully ripe or dry in the fall.

In setting this Mill, no mechanic or frame work is wanted, only requiring to be fastened to a floor or platform. Easily adjusted and used by anybody, even by a child.

The LITTLE GIANT has received the first premiums at the late Agricultural Fair of Missouri, Kentucky, Maryland, Virginia, and other States; and that in the most complimentary manner; as well as the most ready recommendations from the thousands witnessing its performance.

These Mills are guaranteed in the most positive manner; and No. 2 warranted to grind 6 bushels of feed per hour with one horse and offered at the low price of $44, all complete, ready for attaching the team,—No. 4 at $66 grinds 20 bushels per hour with 2 horses.

Sole Agents in Norfolk, Va.

BORUM & McLEAN,
Farmers' Head Quarter, No. 11, Wide Water St
nov 14.

SELLING OFF CHEAP TO CLOSE BUSINESS.

BEING DESIROUS OF LEAVING E. CITY, I will from this date sell off my Goods very

CHEAP FOR CASH.

Persons wishing BARGAINS had better give me a call before purchasing elsewhere My stock consist of Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Crockery, Ship Chandlery, &c.

Any person wishing to engage in the mercantile business will do well to call upon me, as I will sell my whole stock on accommodating terms.

B. T. MILLER.

All persons indebted to me by note or account will please settle by the 1st of January; if not paid by that time, they will be placed in an officer's hands for collection.
dec 2 B. T. M.

VICTORY! VICTORY!!
THE BEE HIVE VICTORIOUS!

ACKNOWLEDGED by all that the Bee Hive is the place to buy Dry Goods, Mantillas, Carpetings, Mattings, &c.

Just opened this day, 500 yards of wide and heavy black Silks, for $1.

1,000 yards ditto, (8 yards enough for a dress) $1,25.

Besides these, are to be found at the "Hive Black Silks, at 50, 62½, 75, and 87½ cents per yard, and $1,50, $2,50, and $3,50—the most complete assortment, and at such prices!

Colored Silks, in plaids, stripes, plain, & all prices, from 50 cents per yard to $3 per yd; embracing every color, quality, and style.

An examination of the Silk stock will satisfy any one that the Bee Hive is the place to get a good Silk Dress cheap. Besides this, there can be found every thing usually kept in the best assorted stock, North or South.

The Proprietor, devoting his whole time to the purchase of goods for this market, is enabled to avail himself of all the opportunities for buying cheap. These are facts which the prices will prove.

Come one—come all!

JAMES SMITH,
my 13 33 Main Street, Norfolk, Va

VALUABLE FARM AND WOODLAND FOR SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF THE WILL OF RICHARD W. Silvester, deceased, I offer for sale privately that very valuable and well known Tract of Land called SCOTLAND, situated in the lower part of Norfolk County, twenty-three miles from Norfolk City, containing Six Hundred Acres, of which Two Hundred Acres are cleared and under successful cultivation, and the remainder is Wood Land, in Oak, Poplar, Gum, &c. The soil of the whole tract is very fertile. The portion already cleared and cultivated, will yield from 1200 to 1500 barrels of corn, annually, and the Woodland, when cleared, will easily yield ten barrels of Corn to the Acre, for ten years without any manuring.—The land is also very well adapted to the growth of Wheat, of very easy drainage; lies well, in a good neighborhood, and very conveniently located for market—being within one mile and a half of Indian Creek, a navigable stream; and about equally distant from the Dismal Swamp Canal, and the new Canal from the Great Bridge Canal, now in progress of construction. By water now in progress of construction. By water communication, the tract is within two days of Norfolk City, for produce.

The improvements consist of a new Dwelling House containing six rooms; a new Kitchen, with a Barn and other out houses complete, and all new and in good order—attached to the Dwelling House is a capacious Cistern, holding 5000 gallons of water

An opportunity of purchasing a Farm combining so many advantages in this section, is rarely offered.

The terms of sale will be made accommodating as to time provided ample security be given.

Persons wishing to examine the land, will have every facility offered to them by the overseer, on the premises.

For further information, apply in person or by letter to the subscriber at Norfolk, Va.

WILLIS W SILVESTER,
Executor of R. W Silvester, dec'd
jy 23—tf

J. B. DEY,
FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,
NORFOLK, VA.

Will give his unremitting attention to all consignments entrusted to his care.

☞ Will buy and sell real estate, Mortgages, and Land Warrants, &c., on commission.
aug 12—1y

LAW BOOKS! LAW BOOKS!!

THE attention of Lawyers is called to the following list of VALUABLE LAW BOOKS, which are offered for sale exactly at the publisher's prices.

Reports of Decisions in the Supreme Court of the United States, with notes, and a digest, by Judge B. R. Curtis, 22 vols., $66
Commentaries on Equity Jurisprudence, as administered in England and America, by Joseph Story, 2 vols., $11,
Story on Bills of Exchange, $5 50c,
Story on Agency, $5,
Parsons on Contracts, 2 vols., $11,
Phillips on Insurance, 2 vols, $10,
Story on Sales, $4 50c,
Daniels Chancery Pleading and Practice, 3 vols. $12,
Parsons Mercantile Law, $5 50c,
Story on Bailments, $5,
Wheaton's International Law, $6,
Story on Conflict of Laws, $6 50c,
Walker's American Law, $5 50c,
Story's Equity Pleadings, $6,
Drake on Attachment, $4 50c,
Story on the Constitution, 2 vols., $7 50c,
Precedents of Indictments and Special Pleas, by Chas. R. Train and F. F. Herd, $4,
Story on Partnership, $5 50c,
Digest of the General Laws of the United States, with reference to the Acts repealed, supplied, or modified, &c., &c., by James Dunlop, $6 50
Story on Promissory Notes, $5 50c,
Bishop on Marriage and Divorce, $5,
Thornton on Conveyancing, 2nd edition, $4 50
Taylor's Landlord and Tenant, $4 50,
Story on Bailments $5,
Bishop on Criminal Law, $5,
Angell on the Law of Carriers, $5 50c,
Greenleaf on Evidence, 3 vols., $16 50c,
Angell and Ames on Corporations, $5 50c,
Hening and Munford's Reports, 4 vols., $20,
Tucker's Commentaries on the Laws of Virginia, $8,
Tates Analytical and Digested Index, 2 vols, $8
Hall's Digested Index to the Virginia Reports, $3,
Decisions of Cases in Virginia, by the High Court of Chancery, by Geo. Wythe, new edition, $4 50,
Sand's Suit in Equity, $4,
Mathews' Guide, $2 75c.
Tates' Form Book, new edition, by Sands, $1 25

The above with many other valuable works are for sale by

W. P. GRIFFITH,
feb 3 Norfolk, Va.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.—The undersigned have this day formed a Co-partnership, under the style and firm of DELK & LINDSEY, for the purpose of conducting a GENERAL COMMISSION BUSINESS. We most respectfully solicit your patronage: pledging ourselves to prompt and faithful attention to all business confided to our care.

The experience of Mr. Delk, in the business for the past thirteen years, gives our firm all the advantages of a thorough knowledge of the Commission business.

We are prepared to grant the usual facilities to our friends.

EDWIN H. DELK,
Late of Hardy & Delk.
EDMUND C. LINDSEY,
Late of Currituck Co., N. C.
Norfolk, Va., Aug. 19th, 1856. 1y

CARPETS, OIL-CLOTHS, &c.
At Low Prices for Cash!
GEORGE E. L. HYATT,
Nos 444 and 446 Pearl-Street, (near Chatham,)
NEW YORK,

HAS NOW IN STORE, AND IS CONstantly receiving a well assorted stock of CARPETS, OIL-CLOTHS, &c., to which he invites public attention, believing that an examination of both quality and prices will prove satisfactory to Merchants and to Purchasers generally, who buy for Cash. His stock consists of

RICH VELVET TAPESTRY & BRUSSELS CARPETS,
IN NEW DESIGNS;
SUPERIOR ENGLISH & AMERICAN 3-PLY,
and ingrain carpets;

Comprising many NEW PATTERNS, made expressly for first-class trade.—Also,—

Twilled and plain VENETIAN HALL and STAIR CARPETS.

OIL-CLOTHS, in widths from 2 to 24 feet. IN various qualities.

Rich Mosaic, Tufted and Common Hearth Rugs and Door-Mats of different sorts.

Table and Piano Covers of Choice Patterns.
4-4, 5-4 and 6-4 Plaid and Plain Mattings.
Window Shades of Desirable Styles.
Stair-Coverings, Stair-Rods, and all other articles usually kept in Carpet Stores.

BE IS ALSO AGENT FOR SELLING

Carhart & Nye's Power Loom Three-ply ingrain Carpets, as well as Barber's Prison-made Brussels 3-ply, Ingrain and Venetian Carpets and Rugs.

All which will be fairly represented to purchasers and sold at fair prices

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED AND AM prepared to show the most extensive and desirable stock of

Ready Made Clothing
AND SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS

I have ever exhibited. My stock embraces every style and quality of Goods in the Dry GOODS and GROCERY Line. Consisting in part, of the following articles:

Taffetare, Ribbons, Col'd., White Bonnets, Plain White Crape Shawls, Embroidered Col'd M. Delaines, White do., Plain Berages, Silk do., Berege Robes, Blac and White Gingham Black and White Lawn, Printed Jackonets, Organdia, Swiss Robed Lawns, Victoria Lawns, White Swiss Muslin, Jackonet Muslin, Berege Diaper, Br. Holland, White do., Bro. Duck, Blue do., Fine White Do., Plaid Chashmerette, Farmer's Drill Cash Silk Handkerchiefs, fancy English Striped Shirts, Howard Duck, Bro. Drills, Patapsco Osnaburgs, Cotton Sheeting, Linen Sheeting, Printed Cashmere Shawls, Challe De Laines Plaid Barages, Figd. Grenadine, Pink DeLains, Plaid Challe, Fancy Stocks, Embroidered Crape Shawls, Lace Mantles, Black Lace Mantles, Plain Lined Parasols, Hats, Boots, Shoes, and Gaiters of all description.

Persons in want of any of the above articles, or anything in the Dry Goods, Grocery and Ready-Made Clothing line, are respectfully requested to give me a call, as I can sell goods as cheap as they can be bought in this section of country.

BENJAMIN T. MILLER.
E. City April 15, 1856.

W. T. & J. M. HINTON,
DEALERS IN
Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Crockery, Tinware, Woodware, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Ready-Made Clothing, &c., &c., &c.,

WOULD RESPECTFULLY RETURN their thanks to their friends, and the public for the past liberal patronage they have received, and at the same time inform them that they have now received their entire

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK.

It is useless to attempt to name the various articles that may be found in our Store. Suffice it to say, that our stock is unusually large in every department, and we promise to use our utmost endeavors to please all who may favor us with a call.

☞ Great pains is taken in filling all orders sent us. W. T. & J. M. HINTON,
ap 29 Broad Water St., Elizabeth City, N. C.

NOTICE.

The undersigned would inform the citizens of Eliz. City and surrounding country, that he is prepared to do PLASTERING in all of its branches, both plain and ornamental—consisting of cornices, plain and neg, centre-pieces of all kinds, panel enrichments, &c. Also, brick work done with care.

☞ All jobs in the country will meet with prompt attention, by addressing

F. V. HOSKINS.
Eliz. City, Feb. 19, 1856

"WAIT FOR THE WAGON!"
NO GO, NO PAY.

I HAVE TAKEN THIS METHOD TO inform my friends, as well as the public generally, that I have taken the office belonging to Jos. H. Pool, Esq., one door east of the Courthouse, for the purpose of repairing

Clocks, Watches, and Jewelry,

For every clock or watch of ordinary good quality, that fails to perform and run well, (after a sufficient trial has been given) I will refund the money. You shall either have time or the money refunded.

☞ Give me a trial, and I will render you entire satisfaction. J. M. POOL.
E. City, Dec. 23, 1856.

☞ JOB WORK neatly and promptly executed at the "PIONEER" OFFICE.

STEWART & CO.
NOW OFFER A
MAGNIFICENT ASSORTMENT OF
DRY GOODS.

COMMENCEMENT OF
THE FALL TRADE.
$50,000 worth of

SILKS, SHAWLS,
FRENCH MERINOS
AND CASHMERES,
PRINTED MOUSLINS,
EMBROIDERIES, &c.,
Now open from the recent large
AUCTIONS IN NEW YORK.
All of which we are selling at
ONE HALF THE USUAL PRICES.
We invite particular attention to our
SILK DEPARTMENT
and Dress Goods generally.

MOURNING GOODS.
ALL KINDS CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS.
A FULL STOCK OF
LINEN AND COTTON GOODS.
JOUVIN'S Celebrated KID GLOVES
of our own importation.
HOSIERY OF ALL KINDS.
CRAVATS, GLOVE AND HANDKERCHIEFS
BLANKETS, BLANKETS,
ENGLISH WHITNEY DO., MACKINAW AND AMERICAN, SERVANTS AND CHILDRENS, BERTH, CRIB AND CRADLE.
GENT'S TRAVELING SHAWLS AND RAILROAD RUGS.
OUR DEPARTMENT FOR FARMERS
Is well cared for. We have been very careful in selecting the most durable fabrics, such as are suited for the Virginia and North Carolina demand: the prices are uniform and are at low figures.

We enumerate: Kersey, Bro and Grey Satinet, Tweed, Linsey, Jeans, Sheeps Grey, Fulled Lindsey, Osnaburgs, No. 1 and 2, Plain and Tw'd Col'd Osnaburg, Brown Sheeting and Cottons, Cal